The Columbian
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, & COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]
Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.
☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.
The Jobbing Department of the Columbian is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. Work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

J. E. ELWELL, H. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII NO I
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL XLVI, NO 44

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	¼	½
One inch	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	15 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00	35 00
Half column	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00	70 00
One column	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00	150 00

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Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.
Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Exit's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, 1st door below Court House.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hawware Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
New Columbian Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in Columbian Building, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Mrs. Exit's Building.
Sept. 15 '82-1 y.

GUY JACOBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in Mr. J. Clark's Building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN. Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Pensions and Bounties Collected.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Mrs. Exit's Building, third door from Main street. May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in News Item building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1883.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Orangeville, Pa.
Office in Low's Building, second floor, second door to the left.
Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick. Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office with the Berwick Independent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-t f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Columbian Building. June 24 '81.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. Opera House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. july 16, '80-tf

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1, 1879.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

IT'S COME!!
And
WE HAVE GOT IT.
AN
Immense New Stock
of
CLOTHING.
HATS,
CAPS, SHIRTS,
and
A Grand Line
OF
Gents Furnishing Goods.
Fall Novelties
AT
PRICES THAT
WILL
ASTONISH YOU.
CALL AND
BE CONVINCED.
AT
D. Lowenberg's.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
A. J. EVANS,
The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up
FALL AND WINTER SUITS
For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 25-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST.
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook stoves, Room stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail such as Fire Brick, Grates, Lids, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt, ——BONE MANURE, &c.——
feb 3 1-f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London	5,266,579
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,975,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,092,885

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERM AN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRM TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
Oct. 14, 79-1y

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.
Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage.

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe purgative, alterative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,
And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.
Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.
J. Gill Shorter, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.
P. M. Janney, Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

☞Take only the Genuine, which always has on the Wrapper the red Z Trade-Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
August, 82 1y

SEEK
health and avoid sickness. Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong?

You can continue feeling miserable and good for nothing, and no one but yourself can find fault, but if you are tired of that kind of life, you can change it if you choose.

How? By getting one bottle of Brown Iron Bitters, and taking it regularly according to directions.

Mansfield, Ohio, Nov. 26, 1881.
Gentlemen:—I have suffered with pain in my side and back, and great soreness on my breast, with shooting pains all through my body, attended with great weakness, depression of spirits, and loss of appetite. I have taken several different medicines, and was treated by prominent physicians for my liver, kidneys, and spleen, but I got no relief. I thought I would try Brown's Iron Bitters; I have now taken one bottle and a half and am about well—pain in side and back all gone—soreness all out of my breast, and I have a good appetite, and am gaining in strength and flesh. It can justly be called the *King of medicines*.
John K. Allender.

Brown's Iron Bitters is composed of Iron in soluble form; Cinchona the great tonic, together with other standard remedies, making a remarkable non-alcoholic tonic, which will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Malaria, Weakness, and relieve all Lung and Kidney diseases.

March 3, '82. 1y

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!

DR. J. F. MARCHISI,
UTICA, N. Y.
DISCOVERER OF "DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
This remedy will sit in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.
Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. New size $1 per bottle, Old size $1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.
Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa
June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort at once strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
If you have either of these troubles PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT

POETICAL.

SONNET.

Each year that passes and each hour begun;
All moments marked upon time's dial face,
To yield effective blessings for our race
Should some good record bear, some action done,
That, registered, shall shine as doth the sun,
Where life's immortal One the page shall trace
And scan the deeds no blight nor blot efface.
Each in the cluster, a bright benison,
Shall tell how on this earth some aching heart
Was gladdened, as new hope rose in the breast
And bade the night of doubt and woe depart,
And peace enduring enter with its rest.
So then good deeds are never cast away;
They live to crown our brighter, holier day.

SOMEBODY'S CHILD.

ANON.

Just a picture of somebody's child,
Sweet face set in its golden hair,
Violet eyes and cheeks of rose,
Rounded chin, with a dimple there.

Tender eyes where the shadows sleep,
Lit from within by a secret ray,
Tender eyes that will shine like stars,
When love and womanhood come this way.

Scarlet lips with a story to tell;
Blessed be he who shall find it out!
Who shall learn the eyes' deep secret well,
And read the heart with never a doubt!

Then you will tremble, scarlet lips!
Then you will crimson, loviest cheeks!
Eyes will brighten and blushes will burn
When the one true lover bends and speaks.

But she's only a child now, as you see;
Only a child in her careless grace;
When love and womanhood come this way
Will anything sadden the flower-like face?

SELECT STORY.

LOTUS BLOSSOMS.

BY HELEN LUQUEER.

"It is your own fault, Edmund," said Mrs. Latimer to her son, who was pacing to and fro the little sitting-room of their cottage home in the suburbs of a western city. "You have indulged your vain, selfish wife in every whim, and the result of her extravagance and you recklessness in speculation has been your ruin."

"You are very hard on me, mother! I come to you with my trouble, as I used when a boy, hoping for the old sympathies and advice, but receive only blame and hard words."

"I shall not always harp upon this disagreeble subject, my son; but before I can give counsel I must make you see with my eyes all the errors of your past life. My sympathies——"

She paused, and there was the tremble of tears in her voice as she glanced up into the handsome brown eyes of her son. The look brought him to her side; and they sat in close confidence, with hand clasped in hand, and talked of the fortune lost, the beautiful home seized by creditors, and of their sad future prospects.

"You will accept Uncle Jeptha Podham's proposition?" said Mrs. Latimer at last.

"With all the conditions mother? You know that would be impossible!" he replied.

"How impossible?" questioned his mother. "You surely understand what Uncle Jeptha says?"

Then taking up a letter she read:

"'If my nephew be still single, and with untrammeled affections, I will pay him a liberal salary to travel with me as courier, companion and friend. I shall expect him to take entire charge of my financial matters, and to devote himself entirely to me for the remainder of my life. And in addition to the regular salary, I will bind myself to leave him, at my death, my entire estate, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars.'

"Well," continued Mrs. Latimer, when she had finished reading, "there is no reason upon earth why Mary should not relinquish all claim upon you during the remainder of your uncle's life."

"You cannot mean that I shall divorce myself from my wife?"

"Only while it is necessary for your interests. You know Mary's requirements, and that you are left with only your hands to supply them."

"Yes, and henceforth my life would be that of a dog!"

"There is no disguising the fact, Edmund, that you and Mary at the best are not happy together."

The young husband groaned, and his handsome head fell upon his hand. At that moment the conversation was interrupted by the entrance of another.

It was a rather stout, black eyed, rosy young person, dashing in manner, her rich silk robe trailing over the modest, ingrain carpet. With a heavy sigh she threw herself into a seat and fixed contemptuous glances upon mother and son.

"I should like to know," she questioned, "how long we are to remain here pensioners upon the bounty of Mrs. Latimer while you do nothing, Edmund?"

He made known the proposition of his uncle to her, and she responded:

"You will of course accept it?"

"And live a lie?"

"I have no patience with sentiment where one's bread is concerned!" she answered haughtily and with curling lip. "You give your services to that old, eccentric uncle untrammeled? Then, for goodness sake, go! I release you for the natural term of the old man's life, so you send me money enough to keep me from pauperism, and share with me the fortune when it becomes yours."

"Mary, think again! We must separate, to all intents and purposes, for years."

"Very well; as I told you before, I would not give a rush for sentiment if it stood between myself and advancement or a fortune."

There was little more argument needed; and silencing every scruple, young Latimer went forth, as Mary said, to seek his fortune—it having been arranged that his wife should remain with his mother, where she should receive means to beautify the place and for her support—which meant half the year in travel, or at some fashionable resort.

In due time Edmund Latimer found himself in an Eastern city, face to face with a genial, gouty, red-faced old fellow, who was as eccentric in dress as in person. He carried a ponderous, gold-headed cane, which he wielded like a sceptre, and with it emphasized all he said.

"So, Edmund, my boy, the women hain't roped you in yet, blast 'em! They, like the apostles, are fishers of men;" and he brought his gold-headed stick down with a thump, and laughed gayly, as he continued: "I want to get back to England—am sick of this country. Do you know why I sent for you? Well, I had a secretary who was like a son to me, and he had to up and die with consumption!" and down came the cane again, while he winked the tears out of his little, sunny, blue eyes. "And I said to myself, 'Podham, you're a helpless old hulk, too restless to rot out in port, but must needs keep afloat, and you've got to have a strong hand at the helm.' So, like an inspiration, you came to my mind. I hadn't seen one of you for ten years; and I said to myself, 'Edmund must be seven-and-twenty; and if he hasn't been a fool and fallen in love, or married, he's my boy!'"

"You—are very—kind, uncle!" stammered Latimer, with a genuine blush of shame dyeing his cheeks.

"Now I can't abide any fiddle-de-dee, lovesick nonsense, my lad! and as we travel about from Dan to Beersheba, you'll see lots of them giggling young critters, and you're to steer clear of 'em!"

Edmund forced a laugh, as he replied:

"Trust me, uncle! I am dead to all that kind of weakness!"

"Been bit, have you, hey?" chuckled the old man.

"I am free to confess I have, and am done with the sex called fair."

"Give us your hand on that, my boy!" and down came the cane with unusual emphasis.

The next outward bound steamer conveyed away old Jeptha Podham and his nephew, Edmund Latimer.

"As we haven't anybody to wave handkerchiefs to, Ned, if you'll help me down below, I'll turn in and get some rest!" said the old man, as they steamed out of the harbor.

Accordingly the old gentleman did not see any of the passengers until the next day. Then, as he was taking a turn on the deck, leaning upon the arm of his nephew, he ran against a tall, gaunt man, in an invalid chair, whose servant was attempting to make him comfortable by winding him up in innumerable wraps.

"Zounds! my foot!" exclaimed Podham. "Why, bless my soul, if it isn't Martin Dinsmore!" and the next instant the two were shaking hands, amid ejaculations and questions without number.

"Are you alone, Martin?" was asked.

"No, Jeptha: Rosa and her maid are with me."

"You don't say little Rosa is here? she and I are old lovers!" laughed Podham.

"Yes; I wanted her to come on deck; but she is seasick, and wouldn't."

"But she must!" exclaimed Padham. "Here, Edmund, you go down and bring the child up!"

His nephew at once went below, and to his amazement, found a lovely young lady, heavy eyed and pale, curled up on a sofa, her maid bathing her golden head with cologne. The situation was extremely awkward for Edmund; but he managed to introduce himself; and, with the assistance of her father's valet, soon made her comprehend the state of affairs on deck, and the mandate of her old friend Podham.

She signified her willingness to be transported; and robed in soft furs and shawls, she leaned upon the arm of Latimer, and ascended to the deck—the valet and maid following with armfuls of cushions.

"Bless my soul!" exclaimed Podham; "this isn't the child that sailed with me down the Nile four years ago? Why didn't you stay little? you know I hate young ladies!"

"Nevertheless you won't hate me for the sake of auld lang syne," she answered, with a pretty laugh and smiling blue eyes. "But you must put me down somewhere, for my poor head swims about like a top."

The old fellow gallantly placed her in a sheltered position, amid her cushions, and sat down beside her, to gossip of old times, with his friend Martin in close proximity, where he could now and then put in a word between his paroxisms of coughing; while Edmund lounged at a little distance, in a graceful attitude, smoking his cigar and musing.

The two old men, Podham and Dinsmore, talked of their boyhood days—of their early manhood and their plans for the future—while the sun-tipped lashes drooped over the azure eyes, as the golden head rested upon the soft cushions in unconscious slumber; and as Edmund sauntered by them, he took in the pictured loveliness of the girl, as one would a gem of some art collection.

"Five years ago," he thought, "my heart would have warmed at the sight of such innocence and beauty; but now I can safely say, that, even if it were honorable in me to think of such a thing, I am proof against every charm."

After a long discussion of their plans, it was agreed by the old gentlemen that their parties should travel together; and, for the sake of the consumptive Dinsmore, spend the summer in France, winter in Egypt, and again try the boat life on the Nile.

Accordingly Edmund found enough of care to occupy his entire time and attention—the helplessness of the two old men, a delicate female, the two valets, and the lady's maid.

As they journed from point to point, Edmund frequently received dispatches from home, and Rosa noticed that, instead of cheering him, they produced fits of melancholy, which old Podham designated as "the dumps."

Upon one occasion, while waiting at Alexandria for the proper outfit for their journey, a letter came; and for the remainder of the day Edmund was silent and sad; and though he piloted the party upon a round of sight-seeing, and bore patiently the irritability of his uncle, and the delays caused by the feebleness of Mr. Dinsmore, yet he was preoccupied and reserved. His manner toward Rosa was courteous and often genial, but seemingly devoid of all sentiment much to the delight of uncle Jeptha, who secretly applauded his good sense and strength of mind.

But as they were standing together in one of the temples, erected to some forgotten god, waiting for the old men to rest in a shaded nook, attended by their valets, she said;

"Mr. Latimer, I wonder if you are not home-sick?"

"Why?"

"You always grow sad and unsocial when you receive home news."

"It is said that home is where the heart is," he replied, bitterly; "and as, just now, Uncle Jeptha possesses a goodly share of mine, I ought not to pine for the home that is at this time locked in the icy arms of winter."

"I should not wish to exchange Egypt for New York, but I am longing to commence our Nile journey. Then I will gather by the way lotus blossoms for your pillow."

"I would that they might indeed possess, not only the forgetfulness of sorrow, but of sin. Then I should owe you a lasting debt of gratitude."

He spoke bitterly, and the girl looked up at him with surprised, questioning eyes; and then, with a little ripple of laughter, she replied:

"One would think you were an escaped convict, Mr. Latimer!"

"You have guessed it. I feel as if I were indeed a fugitive from justice."

"I do not understand your meaning. I was simply joking, and you are almost fiercely in earnest."

"Alas! I think I was bewailing the tendency of life's tide to drift us into wrong currents. But here come the patriarchs of our party. Forget, Rosa, that I am anything but a dreaming misanthrope, out of which your lotus blossoms are to bring me into the Elysium of forgetfulness."

After this conversation, by her quick, womanly intuition, Rosa came to know that some secret sorrow or anxiety was pressing heavily upon the heart of her friend; and from that hour she gave him that tender sympathy which is so near akin to a dearer relation.

But could she have known of the miserable tidings which those despatches from his mother brought to Edmund Latimer—of the perfidy of his wife—of her quickly drifting to the bad—of her loathsome vice of inebriety—of all the dismal tales of her fall,—her pity would have been great indeed.

"You know," said one of the letters, "how often I cautioned you about permitting Mary to have ale and wine so freely? But you either would not listen, or else were too weak to cope with the will of that wretched woman! I assure you her career has been swiftly downward—a disgrace to our name and her sex. She has forfeited all claim upon your love or respect, and is now where she should ever remain, in an asylum for such wrecks—placed there, heaven be thanked! by her own family. You have simply to regard her as dead to you."

All the days they drifted on the Nile, or wandered amid the ruined greatness, the haunting vision of the woman he had loved and promised to protect, never left Edmund Latimer. In her dashing, imperious girlhood, or as the selfish, money-loving, wine-bibbing, heartless wife, until he grew pale and wretched, she seemed ever before him. And over and over again he was upon the point of telling his uncle everything—though the affectionate regard and needs of the good old gentlemen caused him to refrain.

So they drifted on through the winter, and out of Egypt, through sunny Italy, into a little and beautiful Swiss valley.

There the old friends, Podham and Dinsmore, took cottages, side by side, and with gardens joining each other. Over the rude, stone fence, which divided them, clambered fruit and vines, making a green hedge, through which opened a little gate; and into this tangled maze of bloom was daily wheeled the arm-chair of the fast-failing invalid father of Rosa Dinsmore.

And in this peaceful spot Edmund Latimer had in reality found his lotus blossoms. At least he had accepted the condition of things, with philosophy, if not patience; and so he dreamed away the summer days in the dangerously sweet companionship of a pure, white womanhood, such as Rosa daily demonstrated. He was content to live thus, with eyes sealed to certain probabilities which time must bring.

Together he and Rosa climbed Alpine heights, or read sonnets beneath some verdant shade, with Uncle Jeptha as apparently blind to the danger of such intercourse as any male. He perhaps thought his nephew proof against such charms as youth, a lily, and rose-blooming face, with golden tresses, a sylph like form, and a voice of wonder sweetness.

At all events life went on undisturbed in the two cottages, until one day old Mr. Dinsmore coughed himself into a hemorrhage, whose red tide floated the good, old, loving soul out of the world.

Then there was great consternation in the little Swiss cottage. Rosa lay prostrate for a time, with grief at her loss, but with her hand close clasped in that of Jeptha Podham, who (despite his expressed hatred of the sex) had tenderly elected himself to the position of parent to the bereaved girl.

When the day had ended she arose, with the conviction that she had indulged in useless grief sufficiently long, and her duty lay now with the kind old man who loved her, and who would henceforth care for her until she could be placed with some distant kindred of whom she knew very little.

"Uncle Jeptha," said she, smiling sadly through her tears, "you are very weary. Will you not go home? Let me walk with you! The air will do me good."

With the help of his cane and her arm, they traversed the distance between the cottages, and at the door of his home Rosa put up her pretty lips and received his good-night kiss."

Edmund was attending to the necessities for the interment of her father, and consequently she was left alone with her two servants. The brave girl dismissed them for rest, intending to keep her weary vigil alone. A part of the time she sat by the dead, or in the deep embrasure of the window of the little sitting-room, looking out upon the moon-lighted garden.

At length, while thus occupied, she became aware of the presence of some one lurking about the place—she had caught the shadow of some object that moved among the trees. Then fear began to take possession of her heart; but at the moment she recognized the tall form of Edmund Latimer coming up the walk. Instantly admitting him, she exclaimed, under her breath:

"Oh, I am so gad you have come! I thought I would not mind staying alone, and, as the servants were weary, I sent them to bed!"

"Like your generous self! But how you tremble, Rosa! You were wrong, child! Some one should have been procured to watch for you!"

He stood holding her hands, as if to reassure and comfort her, while he spoke in loving and tender accents.

"Believe me," she answered, "I preferred staying alone, and did not mind it until just before you came, and then I fancied I saw some one lurking in the little grape arbor."

"You must have been mistaken." He went to the window that looked out upon the garden, she still clinging to his hand, and continued: "It was but the shadow of some swaying bough, Rosa. Nothing can harm you here. So rest contented and go to bed. You can trust me—can you not, my little girl?"

He still held closely the two little hands that seemed so helpless and trembling. The poor child had borne up bravely for the sake of others; but, at his kind words, all the magnitude of her loss arose before her. Raising her pale face toward the kind, sympathizing one bending over her, the flood gates of her sorrow opened wide, and with a burst of uncontrollable grief she bemoaned her loss.

"Oh! why could my dear father not have been spared to me? I loved him so well, and he was all I had in the wide world to love or care for me!"

The pallid face, the raining tears and drooping attitude, all appealed to the most tenders sentiments of her companion's heart. Forgotten were his often-registered vows. 'All of the past, with its hideous fetters, seemed to glide into oblivion as he endeavored to comfort the orphaned girl. Tenderly he clasped her to his heart; tenderly he breathed into the little ear, that lay upon his breast, words that should have blistered his tongue! Again and again he told how he loved her—how he had grown to live only in her presence—while away from her his life was a blank. Again and again, in the rapture of emotion, he kissed the golden head that reposed so trustingly above his heart. Then he stooped to the lips; and in that loving kiss he promised that his affection should be deathless—that his care of her should be life-long and all absorbing.

At that moment a strange sound, like low, gurgling, hideous laughter, broke the silence of the room, and echoed through the little passage and above the cold form of the dead. Then, as if some horrible vision, from regions of the lost, had broken in upon the happy scene, to curse and call the perjured soul of the lover to account, came the fearful sound again.

The lovers started from each other's arms to be confronted by the face of a woman, who stood in the garden beneath the window, her arms resting upon the sill, her bloated face lighted up by the wax tapers upon the mantel.

Edmund staggered back at the sight of that face—the girl clinging to him in terror. The black eyes flashed upon them from above the puffy cheeks—out of which all traces of beauty, or even comeliness, had been washed by dissipation—and again the mocking laughter prefaced words that were as the blasting hiss of some poisonous serpent.

"So! It is as I thought, Edmund Latimer! Thus do I find you comforting and loving that girl! Ha! ha! ha! It leaked out of your letters to your mother, that you were tramping the world over in the company of innocence and virtue, bound in gold!" and the hideous laugh rung out once more, and an ugly sneer curled the lips.

"What does, what can, this mean?" questioned Rosa, still clinging in affright to the arm of Latimer."

"Mean?" hissed the purple lips of the woman; "mean"? Just this Yonder perjured craven is my husband!"

"Husband?" gasped Rosa.

"Yes; and not content with deserting me, at his instigation my relatives were induced to believe his lies and shut me up in an asylum! But I bribed the keepers with his gold, got my release, have followed the miscreant, and now intend to have my revenge."

"Silence, woman!" commanded Edmund. "Know that I defy you! I have long since ceased to even respect you. Your own conduct caused your own family to place you where you could no longer openly disgrace them. I have long contemplated a legal separation; until when I had resolved not to speak of love to any one; and this, dearest, was the skeleton that clanked its chains after me through all our wanderings!" he concluded, turning from the anger-flushed face in the window to the terrified and questioning one by his side.

Then the passion of the woman broke through all bounds. She shook her fists at them, and launched oaths and imprecations that pierced the white soul of Rosa as with a knife; she poured out abuse and threats; but in the very midst of her towering anger she reeled and fell, clutching at the air with her nerveless hands.

The servants were aroused by the unusual voice and came rushing in. They raised the face of Mary Latimer, and found death written in the glassy eyes, and upon the purple, foam-flecked lips. But all they knew was that a strange woman had broken into the grounds, and died raving in a fit.

In a lonely graveyard, among the Swiss mountains, rests old Martin Dinsmore; and a white marble shaft tells of his name and hopes of immortality. In an obscure corner of the same cemetery is a mound, and on the simple stone at its head is carved the name of "Mary."

Old Jeptha Podham lingered a few years, loved and tended by his children, as he called Edmund and Rosa, and then calmly went to slumber one evening, to awaken in the land of spirits and be welcomed by his old friend. All of his wealth was given to those who had rendered bright his last days, and long they kept his name green in their memories.

THE LAW OF KINDNESS

Is universal; it affects all the human family, all animals, and may be even found in patent medicines. Some are drastic, and the patient is obliged to suffer pains worse than the disease; but in cases of obstinate constipation, dyspepsia, there is no remedy so *kind*, so gentle in its effects, and yet so satisfactory, as Burdock Blood Bitters. Price $1.00.

When a youth wears a collar for a week and then can't see any dirt on it, he must be entirely collar blind.

Home Doctor.

RULES OF HEALTH THAT HAVE WITHSTOOD THE TEST OF TIME.

The following rules were originally in Latin and published in Europe in 1648. It is somewhat remarkable; perhaps, that in all ages, beginning as early as Democritus, and extending down to the present hour, all thoughtful physicians and other acute observers have enunciated these same laws of health. One thinks in reading the writing of Hypocrates, written more than 2.000 years ago, that he is reading the exhortations of one of the modern troublesome health reformers.

1. The stomach ought never to be overloaded with food, otherwise the body will be rendered unfit for exertion.
2. Moderation in exercise, food, drink, sleep.
3. No fresh food should be taken, unless the preceding meal has been properly digested.
4. The meals should not be uniform; but supper always lighter than dinner.
5. Excess in former meals must be corrected by a subsequent abstinence.
6. All food should be duly masticated before it be swallowad.
7. The quantity of drinks should always be proportioned to that of solid food.
8. No drink should be taken until a due proportion of solid food has been swallowed.
9. A varietyof dishes ought not to be eaten at the same time.
10. It will be advisable to refrain from a meal (dinner) once a week, particularly when the body seems to require less food.
11. Bodily exercise should be so managed once a day as to excite the natural heat (glow), and before a meal. The advantages resulting from such practice are thus described by Fulgentius: "Exercise," says he "contributes to the preservation of human life. It dissipates all superfluous humors of a plethoric habit; it invigoratas our faculties; it is a gain of time; the enemy of idleness; the duty of the young and the delight of the aged. For exercise disengages and expels through the pores all superfluous humors; while the greatest injuies result from a contrary conduct. For indolence is generally attended with dissolution,"
12. In taking food, liquids and soft substances ought to precede those of a dry and solid nature.
13. Between solid meats, both solid and liquid food should be avoided.
14 The bowels should be regular every day, either by nature or by artificial means.
15. Extremes of heat and cold, with respect to food, drink and air, are equally to be guarded against.
16. Sleep ought not to continue less than six hours, nor exceed eight.
17. Immediately after a meal, and with a full stomach, it is hurtful to engage in reading, writing or deep reflections.
18. Violent exercise, shortly after a meal ought always to be avoided.
19. When the body is in a a languid state, all the limbs should be vigorously stretched.
20. Drink should never be taken on an empty stomach; as in that case, it cannot fail to prove exceedingly hurtful, by agitating the nerves. Galen says, in the second aphorism, 21, if a hungry person drink wine before he eat, he will speedily be attacked by spasms and delerious symptoms. Nor should wine be taken (habitually) after meals, because it unnaturally accellerates the digestion, propels the food before it is properly digested, and lays the foundation ot obstructions and putridity.
21. Wine should never be taken immoderately; and it would be advisable

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. E. Dittenbender, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1883.

With this issue we begin volume XVII of THE COLUMBIAN. During the past year the paper has received a more liberal patronage than ever before; many and great improvements have been made in the office and material, additional hands have been employed; and as a mark of appreciation for the favors of the public, we have continued the subscription price at $1.50 a year, and have endeavored to give our readers more than an equivalent for the money. During the coming year we hope to be able to reduce the amount of foreign advertising matter, and fill the space so saved with interesting reading, news of the day, &c.

THE COLUMBIAN has reached that point where it is no longer an *organ* in the generally accepted meaning of that term. It is, as it has been since the first year of its existence, purely Democratic, and claims to be the mouthpiece of the Democracy of the county; so far it is an organ. But it is not controlled or influenced by any ring or combination and it is the only paper in Columbia county that has fearlessly criticised public officials when it believed the interests of the public demanded this, although it was aware that by so doing, the risk of losing official patronage was incurred. So far it is not an organ, and it proposes to follow the same policy in the future. It will oppose anything and everything that smacks of machine management, in any party, and it will insist that the selection of public officers shall be made by the people, and not by a few persons. It will continue to advocate honest and economical government in state and nation, and in all other ways endeavor to advance the interests of the public. In return we ask only that we may receive continued encouragement in our efforts to publish the best paper in the county.

The inauguration of Governor Pattison will take place on Tuesday January 16th.

Ex Governor Hendricks of Indiana is rapidly recovering from his recent severe illness.

Those who are criticising Pattison's appointments would do well to save their breath until they find out whom he has appointed.

M. Gambetta, the great French statesman, died in Paris last Monday morning, from the effects of a pistol shot accidently received on November 27th. He was a powerful orator and at the time of his death Foreign Minister in the French Cabinet.

While the president was receiving calls at the White House on New Year's day, a gloom was cast over the ceremonies by the sudden death of Judge E. H. Allen, the Minister resident from the Hawaiian Islands. He expired in the vestible where he had gone to get his cloak, dropping to the floor dead, with a single exclamation.

Chief Justice Sharswood retired from the Supreme Bench of the state on Monday, and Judge Mercur became Chief Justice. Judge Sharswood has served as an administrator of the law for twenty two years in Philadelphia, and fifteen years in the Supreme court, and he retires with many honors, having gained a reputation as a jurist second to none in the land.

Governor Cleveland of New York was inaugurated on Monday. It was a brief and simple ceremony, took place at an early hour, and was over so quickly that hundreds of people who expected to be present at the taking of the oath, arrived to find it ended. This is quite a striking change from the manner in which the republican party has been installing governors for some years past. It used to take all the military in the state, and nearly all the money in the treasury to put a stalwart administration in motion. Cleveland and Pattison have set an example worthy of perpetuation.

The committee appointed by the democratic caucus at Harrisburg to inquire as to whether there were any superfluous employees about the capitol that could be dispensed with, reported on Tuesday in the negative. It seems the press and the public generally have been laboring under the misapprehension that the fellows who are on the pay rolls at the capitol, and whose duties consist in going to Harrisburg once a month to draw their wages, are unnecessary. It will now be in order to show the people that there are no such persons employed. If the *Legislative Record* is abolished, as it should be, the number of pasters and folders can certainly be reduced.

The speakership of the forty eighth congress lies between Messrs. Randall of Pennsylvania, Blackburn of Kentucky, and Carlisle. Mr. Blackburn recently said that he does not believe Randall can be defeated by either of the others, and therefore proposes to withdraw as a candidate if Carlisle will do the same, and center on Morrison of Illinois who he thinks is the only man that can defeat Randall. If this is refused he is willing to leave it to a vote of the Kentucky delegation whether Mr. Carlisle or himself shall withdraw. These Kentucky statesmen seem determined that Randall shall not be speaker, but it is doubtful if they can succeed in their fight against him.

Political Assessments.

The Senate has passed the Edmunds bill. It forbids the levying and collecting of assessments of voluntary contributions by any officer of the government, appointed or elected; forbids anybody from collecting or receiving money for political purposes in any government building, and prohibits discharges from the government service for non-payment of such assessments.

The Philadelphia *Times* says: Under this act Field Marshal Cooper can send his circular to the school marms and post office messengers the same as before. He can't secure their dismissal if they fail to respond, however, unless he can invent some new name for the crime of refusal which will shut up the public eye and make people believe they have been guilty of some enormous breach of public propriety.

The passage of the bill is a commendable step towards reform, and the less time the House spends in endeavoring to defeat it, the better it will be for it. It should be passed at once.

The Legislature.

On Monday night the Democrats of the House held a caucus in the state library at the capital which was characterized by excellent order. Jacob Ziegler of Butler was chosen chairman. One hundred and eight members were present.

Mr Abbott offered the following:

WHEREAS, Differences of opinion exist as to the proper power and duties of a caucus;

And whereas, It is desirable that we should place on record our sentiments as to the proper relations between individual representatives and a party caucus; therefore be it

Resolved by the democratic members of the house of representatives of Pennsylvania, that while believing that great sacrifices should be made to promote harmony and concert of action, yet we are of opinion that it is not the power or privilege of any man or any body of men to control the honest judgment of the individual representatives.

The matter was discussed, to some extent, when the caucus agreed to accept it and allow it to go upon record as part of the proceedings of the caucus, when Chairman Ziegler announced as in order nominations for speaker. The names of John E. Faunce, of Philadelphia, Wm. Hasson, of Venango, and Lemuel Ammerman, of Luzerne, were presented. A ballot was ordered and Mr. Faunce was elected, the vote standing Faunce, 66: Hasson, 34; Ammerman, 11. The nomination was made unanimous and Mr. Faunce was invited to appear before the caucus, and made a few remarks.

A resolution was then presented that the order of business be the selection of a chief clerk, reading clerk, and that a committee of fifteen be appointed to enquire into the propriety of a reduction of the employees, as defined by the act of 1874, and that the committee report suitable persons to elect officers as prescribed by law.

A substitute was offered, but it was withdrawn to allow Mr. Brown to offer the following:

WHEREAS, the democratic party of Pennsylvania has come into control of the house of representatives upon its pledges to the people of reform in the administration of public affairs, including the abolition of all unnecessary officers; therefore,

Resolved, That the caucus proceed to nominate democratic candidates for the following returning offices of the house in the order wherein named: Chief clerk, reading clerk, resident clerk, two transcribing clerks, superintendent of folding room, sergeant-at-arms, doorkeeper, messenger, and postmaster.

Resolved, That a committee of one from each congressional district be appointed by the chairman of this caucus to inquire and report to an adjourned meeting to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, what other offices are indispensable to an efficient and legal organization of the house.

J. McDowell Sharp, of Franklin, spoke on the resolution. He favored the last proposition—in fact the entire substitute—and thought it should receive the sanction of the caucus. They all desired to start in right. They were in favor of reform, and the public expenditures, he argued, should be cut down as much as possible. As men, as office holders, he thought they should give these matters much deliberation. They should be honest to themselves and to their constituents.

The substitute as presented was unanimously adopted, and the caucus proceeded to name candidates for chief clerk. Those presented were: P. Gray Meek, of Centre; Michael Cassidy, of Carbon; H. J. McAteer, of Huntingdon Josheph E. Noble, of Bedford; T. O'Leary, jr, Pittsburg, and Thomas H. Greevy, Blair. Meek was chosen on the 6th ballot.

A motion at this point was made to change the order of business, but it was defeated and the caucus proceeded to the nomination of candidates for reading clerk. John McClure, of Mercer; and C. Ben Johnson, of Lackawanna; and Samuel E. Hudson of Philadelphia were presented. Mr. Johnson was elected on the first ballot by the following vote: Johnson, 59; McClure, 31; Hudson, 15

For resident clerk Elbridge McKonkey, of Dauphin had no opposition and was unanimously selected.

Names for transcribing clerks were presented as follows; John Urich, Lehigh; G. Morris Eckels, Cumberland; D. Barger Gregory, Clarion; John B. McLain, Berks; Thomas L. Darrah, Beaver; Clark Wilson, McKean.

The first ballot resulted in the choice of Mr. Gregory by the following vote; Eckels, 29; Darrah, 22; White, 17; McLain, 22; Wilson, 5; Arnold, 16. Four more ballots were necessary before the selection of the second clerk could be made, Mr Eckels being the choice by a vote of 52 to 44 for Mr. Darrah. Without finishing the selection of names the meeting adjourned until Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

Messrs O'Neill, Abbet, Crawford, Morgan, Fortner, Lorah, E. G. Snyder, Vanderslice, Hines, Ichlicker, Riland, Reily, Gahan, McDonald, Sharpe, Devinney, Merry, Bierer, Weihl, McCabe, Nicholson, Ellsworth, Walker. Committee to consider what offices are necessary to efficient and legal organization of the house.

Both branches met on Tuesday morning and the caucus nominees of the democrats were all elected by the House. In the Senate Mr. Reyburn was elected President pro tem. Thomas B. Cochran, Chief Clerk, Edward Smiley, Journal Clerk and George Pearson, Reading Clerk.

Thus far there seems to be a determination on the part of the House at Harrisburg, to carry out the reforms that are demanded by the people. The gentlemen who have been given the offices of that body are able and honest, and will do all in their power to secure only such legislation as is for the general good of the public. The lobby should disappear, all useless officers be cut off, a fair apportionment made, six days' work done every week, and an adjournment had at the earliest possible day.

Dorsey's Tin Box.

Washington Dispatch to Atlanta Constitution.

There are some Republican statesmen who are uneasy about the unpublished Dorsey letters. Dorsey has a chest full of letters. It is made of cedar and is lined with tin. He had it made just prior to the campaign of 1880, as a sort of safety box for his political correspondence. He destroys no letters, as he has made it a rule since entering political life to destroy none. "In that box there is evidence enough," said a friend of Dorsey a few days ago, "to spot the reputation of a good many men who now pose as Christian statesmen. Dorsey doesn't intend to open this box to the public yet, but it is pretty certain that he intends to open it after the present Star route trial closes and give part of its contents to the public."

Two out of the three judges have decided in favor of the extradition of Phipps, the almshouse defaulter. The case will be carried to the court of appeals, which opens January 8.

For dressing the hair and beautifying it when gray, nothing is satisfactory as Parker's Hair Balsam.

The State Finances.

ANNUAL REPORT OF TREASURER BAILY—HIS VIEWS ON THE REVENUE LAWS.

State Treasurer Baily, in his annual report, gives the following account of the operations of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1882:

Balance in treasury December 1, 1881	$1,890,519,13
Total ordinary receipts for year ended November 30, 1882	7,068,529,66
From sale of new loan (including loan exchanged, $539,000)	9,450,000,00
Premiums on sale of loan.	449,120,45
Total	$18,857.669,24
Amount of loan redeemed	$10,365,104,77
Interest paid	1,055,191,41
Compensation to fiscal agents	6,000,000
Other payments out of general funds	3,963,575,00
Total payment from December 1, 1881, to November 30, 1882	15,389,871,18
Balance in treasury December 1, 1882	3,467,798,06
Total	$18,857,669,24

The balance is applicable to the payment of the following accounts:

Redemption of outstanding loans on which interest has ceased	$275,083,28
Redemption of $250,000 loan due August 1, 1881	250,000,00
Compensation to fiscal agent	6,000,00
Interest due on unredeemed called loans	1,050,00
Sinking fund (interest)	1,484,940,62
General fund	1,450,724,16
Total	$3,467,798,06

The total debt of the Commonwealth on December 1, 1882, was $20,225,083, and the total interest-bearing debt $19,950,000

The following comments are made by State Treasurer Baily: "The receipts during the past fiscal year, besides going beyond the estimates made, were swollen by the proceeds of the new loan under the act of June 8, 1881, issued to redeem the maturing bonds of the Commonwealth. Of the $10,000,000 authorized by that act there were issued $9,450,000. The maturing bonds were all redeemed or refunded at a lower rate and the annual interest thereby reduced more than $200,000. The transactions of the year show a largely increased sinking fund reserve, and it is suggested that such portion of this reserve as may not be needed to pay the interest on the public debt be applied, if practicable, to the purchase of some of the outstanding interest-bearing debt of the Commonwealth.

"The increased revenue shown for the year may prove to some extent fictitious, as the tax on loans amounting to more than $600,000 now awaits the decision of a case pending in court and the Board of Revenue Commissioners have allowed rebates on the State tax paid by some of the counties amounting to about $750,000 more, and thus the revenues may be impaired for some years to come. The estimates of receipts and expenditures for the coming fiscal year have been made on the supposition that the present revenue system remains in force and that the appropriations shall be made on much the same basis as in the past, but these amounts may be largely increased or diminished by the action of the incoming Legislature. The tax on building and loan associations, amounting to more than $100,000, ought to be repealed, as well, perhaps, as the tax on steamship companies; but much tampering with the revenues is attended by very grave dangers, and it is folly to repeal taxes when it is likely they must soon be reimposed. Any sweeping reduction of the taxes now imposed on corporations might in the near future result in serious embarrassment to the finances of the Commonwealth. Two years ago the State Treasurer reported more than $3,000,000 of unpaid obligations of the Commonwealth, all of which have since been paid, but two years of depression in mining and manufacturing industries, attended by a partial failure of agricultural products, might reproduce a like condition of affairs. The indiscriminate appropriations made for the charitable and so-called charitable institutions of the State and their loose methods of accounting for the moneys received and disbursed by them should be more completely systematized and regulated by law, and it would be proper that the evidence of such receipt and proper disbursement of the moneys be laid before the Executive, who draws the warrants for the same. This would relieve the Auditor General and State Treasurer from a delicate and embarrassing duty and place the responsibility where it properly belongs."

The Cabinet.

The newspapers are still making appointments for Governor Pattison, and the latest arrangement is that Stenger is to be secretary of the commonwealth, and Cassidy Attorney-General. A correspondent of the New York *Herald* recently interviewed the governor-elect, and while he did not deny that he would appoint Mr. Cassidy, he gave no assurance that he would do so. Mr. Cassidy was also interviewed, with about as satisfactory a result. The fact is that Mr. Pattison has the good sense to keep his own counsel in the matter, and has determined that no one shall know who his advisers are to be until the proper time comes to make public his appointments. After they are made they should be accepted with good grace, and all fault finding should be reserved until it becomes apparent that a mistake has been made.

New District Court Bill.

A bill has been introduced in Congress to establish a new United States Court district, to be known as the Middle District, with sittings at Harrisburg, Williamsport and Scranton. Whenever the public is satisfied that such a district is necessary there will be no difficulty in securing it, but until there appears some occassion for it, we must decline the invitation which we have received, to support the measure. It is urged that all persons in Columbia county who have business before the U. S. courts are compelled to go to Pittsburg to attend to it. This is true, but as nobody here ever has any such business the trips to Pittsburg are few and far between. Luzerne county, during the past three years, has had two cases, and it is not likely that there would be twenty cases a year in the entire district. The Judgeship would be a sinecure, and the other officers would starve if they depended on their fees for a living. About all the good the district would do, is to tickle the Scranton people.

Work for the Legislature.

Apart from the necessary reforms in the machinery of state and local government which the incoming legislature ought to make, the several apportionment bills, legislation on the subject of the relations between capital and labor, the report of the commission to revise the tax laws of the state and the usual appropriations will be among the important matters which will require the attention of the assembled law-makers. It is therefore evident that the session will be crowded with business and that if the legislature is to get through with its legitimate work in a hundred days time must be economized and adjournments must be few and far between.

There should be no delay in the organization of either house of the legislature. The committees should be announced at as early a date as possible so that the legislative mill may begin to grind its grist in good time. The apportionment bills should get upon the calendar as quickly as possible so that their consideration may not only be fair but thorough. The laws relating to labor need revision. A code which permits the bayonet to become the *ultima ratio* in disputes between employer and employee is a disgrace to the commonwealth, and an intelligent legislature ought to find no difficulty in improving it. But this is a great question and cannot be disposed of in a hurry. The tax laws need revision but the subject is so large and there is so great a diversity of opinion in regard to it that an entire session of the legislature might be consumed in considering it. Probably the wisest thing that can be done in regard to that matter is to lop off such taxes as are most oppressive and can be safely spared. For instance the tax on personal property, amounting to some $400,000 per annum, might be abolished without injury to the financial system of the state. It is in some degree an inquisitorial tax and is very inequitably assessed; if this cannot be done it is not likely that any important change will be effected in the tax laws at the approaching session.

If the legislature could find time to consider and pass a general law simplifying the collection of county and municipal taxes and reducing its cost an onerous burden would be lifted from the shoulders of the people. Whatever may be said of delinquencies in state admnistration it must be admitted that the severity of county and municipal taxation touches more nearly the popular mass. The state revenues are derived chiefly from taxes on corporations, while counties and cities make their levies on the property and labor of all. To say nothing of the absurd method of assessing county and municipal taxes generally in vogue the system of collecting such taxes practiced in most of the counties and cities is not only costly but ineffectual. Collectors are appointed who are generally political partisans and who are treated with the greatest indulgence by the appointing power. They are generally permitted to retain the tax duplicates for two years or longer before they are required to make a final settlement. They freqnently use the tax moneys for their own purposes until they get ready to turn them over to the proper custodian and in the end they generally manage to secure exonerations. Their compensation is in most cases much too great and the work they perform could be done under a proper system at a considerable saving to the taxpayers. This is a matter which the legislature would do well to consider, unless indeed more important interests should occupy the time of the session. Meanwhile let there be no delay in putting the machinery of legislation in order, so that while the session may be a short one wholesome and necessary measures may not fail of passage.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

New Year's Vows.

Time stands with a mirror confronting youth and age. The glass reflects the past and is a guide to the future only as the rippling waves that break before the vessel's prow are sign and token of what's to come. In the mirror we see our dead past unburied, the idle hopes for a year of empty days. It is a wonderful thing, this mirror of time. Books and words and acts cannot equal the subtle force of its teachings, for in its unshrinking surface we see ourselves in the acts and deeds, and impulses and errors and hopes and fears and pain and joy, and anguish and despair and triumph, which have filled days of hope or nights of horror. We see, as the serene lake reflects the clouds from its limpid deeps, all the acts of our lives and we are lost in wonder at the phenomena of folly we have been guilty of, We recur to the vows of the opening year—the pledges made and never kept. We confront the conscience outraged by sins undreamed when the year was young. As the ghostly procession moves over the mirror's surface, the skeletons of our sins stand out in bodily shape more palpable than our own flesh. It is a wholesome as well as humiliating retrospect.

The power to recognize wronged one is the evidence of quick conscience. Hence the traditional vow of New Year is in every sense a help, It is the outline of a chart to conduct us through summer seas, which shall steer clear of the shoals of folly. The man without amiable weaknesses, the woman without adorable follies, the child without charming childishnesses—these are all repulsive and unworthy rational reproof. It is only the sinner conscious of his sin who can reform into the most perfect manhood. Hence the value of the New Year vows that the cynical have come to despise and the virtuous to distrust. To make a vow is to confess a sin, to acknowledge a sensibility to aspire to a perfected state. To admit any one of there is to discover aliment meet for the leaven of the seed of life, even though sin be an ingredient. No man likes to lie to himself. He may fib his wife, deceive his bosom friend and lie to his mother-in-law, but when it comes deliberately to lying to himself, the basest among us shrink from that.

It is therefore a wholesome as well as amiable folly to elaborately resolve on New Year to forswear the pleasant vices which return to plague either ourselves or those who are dear to us, or to whom we are dear. If the good resolve be merely registered and broken to morrow, it is still a point of departure. All heights and depths must have some standard of measuremgnt. The sea in nature furnishes this standard; but the sea is rarely tranqnil and the level, which the scientist counts from to-day, may be the apex of mountain billow to-morrow. So with our vows. The spirit of the moment is the measurement of the level. We may fall below the resolve to morrow, or rise above it twenty four hours later, but the vow is the unsubsident mark of our better nature and gives us a point of vantage for future effort.

If man were like a watch, wound up to sin or toil, or due penance, of works of good repute for a certain time, the vow of well-doing would be superfluous. But of the 365 days into which he is launched at the opening of the year he is uncertain of even the first. It is not conscience that sleeps when we disappoint the well grounded hopes of our mother-in law and devote the hours to the club we had sworn to dissipate in the sanctities of the home circle. Janus was the god of war to the Romans. That was because the Romans were a shallow people, whose laws denied wives and mother-in-law the full play of their astute faculties. The truth is the Janus is the real deity of the marital devotees! Who can compare with a husband in the fertility and dexterity of resources in misleading inquisitive domesticity? Janus is really the god of gullibility and wives are the acolytes that serve at his alters! The years are knots in the rope of sand that stretches between eternity and infinity and as we uncoil the sins of the past and loosen the strands of the future. But if we were constant enough and continent enough to examine the past, year by year, hour by hour, how infinitely armed we should be against the same sins, the same omissions, the same undoing and the same left undone that stand up in the past! It is not the evil that is born in us that works out in the conduct of our lives, but the accretions that come to us in time, place and circumstance as we push through the same deeps and invite the same temptations to which we succumbed in the past. Let us make a vow and keep it—to be faithful to our friends, honest to ourselves and charitable to our neighbors during the next 365 days. In this are the law and the prophets of the gospel of human happiness.—*Press.*

Connecticut's Governor.

At the recent election the Democrats of New Haven used ballots printed from electrotypes heavily inked and leaving the names of candidates in white. The republicans attempted to take advantage of this by claiming that he ballots were illegal, hoping to throw them out, and thus secure the election of W. H. Bulkley, the republican candidate for governor, through the legislature. This effort to steal the state has been abandoned, however, partly because the republicans used ballots which were also illegal, if those cast by the Democrats were, and partly because Mr. Bulkley says he will have nothing to do with the movement.

NEWS ITEMS.

Ex-County Commissioners Walker, Ehrman and Whitmayer, of Lebanon county, were arrested Saturday for malfeasance in office, upon information made by William H. Derr, a leading member of the bar.

Governor Hoyt has fixed the 28th of February for the execution of Uriah Moyer, one of the four murderers convicted of the killing of John Kintzler and wife, in Snyder county, over five years ago.

It is rumored that Mahone is to be temporary president of the senate on the reorganization. He expects the entire republican vote, and failing, it is said he will throw his vote and that of Riddleberger in favor of a democrat.

Miss Rose Golightly, a young lady of nineteen, of Plymouth, accompanied by her escort, Charles Bittnerbender, while skating on the Susquehanna last Friday night fell into the water and before assistance could be rendered the young lady drowned. Bittnerbender was rescued.

While John S. Schrack, a wealthy farmer, living near Lewisburg, and some friends were on a hunting expedition last Friday, their wagon upset on the rough mountain road and one of the guns accidentally discharged its contents into Mr. Schrack, inflicting injuries from which he has since died.

Oscar Wilde was fleeced in New York by sharpers. Captain Williams verified the story and said that two weeks ago Wilde was accosted while walking up Broadway, near Union Square, by a hatchet-faced young man, who introduced himself as a son of Drexel, the banker. As he had seen the poet in his father's office he took the liberty, etc. Mr. Wilde was delighted. He had been in the Drexel banking office, but did not remember the young man. The two went to a restaurant, where Mr. Drexel ate as though hungry. Mr. Wilde remembered this with a grim smile later in the day when he was informed by Captain Williams that "Mr. Drexel" was "Hungry Joe," a noted banco steerer.

During the repast Drexel mentioned that he had won a lottery prize and suggested that the poet accompany him to get the money. The old bait was swallowed and Oscar went to a house an Fifteenth or Seventeenth street. Several men were throwing dice. Drexel threw for the poet and won quite a sum. Oscar was then persuaded to join in and of course began to lose. First it was $60, then $100, until, becoming excited over the game, he played until he lost $1,060. He slowly signed a check on the Madison Square Bank for the amount, realizing at last that he had been swindled. He shook off Drexel, who insisted on accompanying him, and rushing to the street hailed a cab and was driven rapidly to the bank. He got there in time to stop the payment of the check. The check was not presented, but it was returned by mail to Captain Williams. Oscar recognized Drexel's picture in the Rogues' Gallery. It is that of Joseph Sellick, alias "Hungry Joe."

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF W. J. BUCKALEW, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of W. J. Buckalew, late of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administratrix without delay.

DORA BUCKALEW,
Jan. 5 '83-6w. Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS J. WILLIAMS, LATE OF BOROUGH OF CENTRALIA, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Thomas J. Williams, late of Centralia Borough, Columbia county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

LAFAYETTE PETTERMAN,
Centralia January 5, '83-6w. Administrator.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF THERESSA BAILOR, DECEASED.
COLUMBIA COUNTY, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To the following, heirs of Theressa Bailor deceased, Daniel Bailor, a brother, residing in Cooper township Montour county, Pa. Eli Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township, Peter Bailor, a brother, residing in Mahoning township in said Montour county, Pa. Jonathan Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township, Samuel Bailor, a brother, residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio, Elizabeth Heimbach, a sister, married with Peter Heimbach, residing in said Montour township, Columbia county, Pa. The following sons and daughters of David Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Albert Bailor a minor, who has William Sunday as his guardian, residing in said Mahoning township. Josiah Bailor a minor, Robert Bailor a minor and Jane Bailor a minor, who have for their guardian Jesse Ammerman, residing in said Cooper township. The following sons and daughters of John Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Daniel E Bailor, residing in said Montour township. Isaiah Bailor residing in the same place, Hannah Fry, intermarried with Daniel Fry, residing in the same place. Elizabeth Wertman intermarried with Eli Wertman, residing in Northumberland county, Pa., and Noah Bailor and John Bailor, each residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio. The following sons and daughters of Jacob C. Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Leander Bailor, John Bailor, Daniel T. Bailor, Rachael M. Bailor and Mary M. Bailor, all residing in Indiana, in Indiana county, Pa., and the following son and daughters of Sarah Heimbach, a deceased sister, viz: Adam Heimbach, residing at New Clair City, Wisconsin Elizabeth Betz intermarried with David Betz, residing at Pottsgrove, Northumberland county, Pa., and Emeline Erwine intermarried with James Erwine, residing at Milton, Northumberland County, Penn'a. and descendants of Theressa Bailor deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the First Monday of February next, then and there in accordance with law take the real estate of said Theressa Bailor deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold. And hereof fail not.

U. H. ENT, Sheriff.
Jan 5

EPISCOPAL BURIAL GROUND.

TO ALL PERSONS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Quarter Session of the county of Columbia, on the 6th day of October, 1882, made a decree, declaring the said burial ground a public nuisance, and ordered the dead there buried be removed therefrom to Rosemont Cemetery in said town by the first day of April, 1883, by the President and Town Council of the town of Bloomsburg. And said Court did also further order and direct as follows: "In cases where the relations of any of the dead shall procure a lot in Rosemont Cemetery, and desire that the remains of their dead shall be removed thereto the request shall be complied with by the said authorities In cases where no such request shall be made and the friends of persons there buried shall not, after four weeks public notice, themselves remove their dead, the municipal authorities of the aforesaid town shall cause the dead of the said grounds to some suitable portion of Rosemont Cemetery to be procured and set apart by them for that purpose."

Now therefore notice is hereby given that unless the dead are removed from the said burial ground by relatives, or to places provided by relatives in accordance with the aforesaid order of Court before the first day of March, 1883, the remains of the dead there buried will be removed by the Town Council of the town of Bloomsburg, to a common lot provided at the public expense, and buried without distinction.

G. A. HERRING, President of Town Council.
Jan, 5 '83-4w. Attest: A. L. FRITZ, Secretary.

BERWICK ELECTION DISTRICTS.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, }

Among the records and proceedings of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for said county is int rulia, this contained, In the matter of dividing the Borough of Berwick into 2 Election Districts.

And now, December 18, 1882, upon the presentation of citizens of the Borough of Berwick and the consideration thereof it is adjudged by the Court that it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

It is therefore now ordered that the said Borough shall be and the same is hereby divided into two Election Districts by a line beginning in the middle of Market street at low water mark in the Susquehanna river; thence along the middle of said street to the Northern boundary of said Borough and that portion of the borough East of said line shall be called "Berwick Election District East." And that portion of the borough West of said line shall be called "Berwick Election District West."

The Elections in the East District shall be held at the little office of Jackson & Woodin Manufacturing Company, on the northeast corner of Market and Third streets.

And for the West District at the Justices' office on Wm. J. Knorr, on Front street, between Market and Mulberry streets. The Election officers for the East District at the February Election shall be the officers who are authorized to hold Elections in said Borough.

And the officers for holding the Election in the West District at the Election in February next shall be as follows:

Samuel H. Rueh, Judge. Inspectors, Levi Breidenbenner and Jennings Kurtz, who are hereby appointed for that purpose. BY THE COURT,

Certified from the Records, December 27th, A. D., 1882. WM. KRICKBAUM,
Jan. 5, '83. Clerk Q. S.

PAYNE'S 10 Horse Spark-Arresting

Portable Engine has cut 10,000 ft. of Michigan Pine Boards in 10 hours, burning slabs from the saw in eight-foot lengths.

Our 10 Horse will Guarantee to furnish power saw 8,000 to 10 of Hemlock Boards in 10 hours. *Our 15 Horse will cut 10,000 feet* in same time.

Our Engines are GUARANTEED to furnish a horse power on less fuel and water than any other Engine not fitted with an Automatic Cut Off. If you want a Stationary or Portable Engine, Boiler, Circular Saw-Mill, Shafting or Pulleys, either cast or Mediart's Pat. Wrought Iron Pulley, send for illustrated catalogue, No. 12, for information and prices.

B. W. PAYNE & SONS,
Corning, N. Y. Box 14.
Jan. 5, '83-1y

1883

B B B

A very important element in the great business of BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE, is what is usually designated by city houses the country trade—a term covering not only the patronage received from the rural districts, but also that from the cities outside of the few large centres.

B B B

BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE long ago arrived at a proper appreciation of the fact that in almost every locality in the vicinity of Philadelphia there are many persons of taste and refinement who desiring the highest grade of useful and decorative articles in gold, silver-plated ware, precious stones and imported fancy goods, prior to purchase of a house of character and reputation, in whose representations absolute reliance can be placed, and whose name, in connection with goods of any class, implies unimpeachable quality and the highest standard of dealing.

B B B

In accordance with this view, more than any other house of like character, BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE have taken care to place before the public outside of their own city accounts of all new importations and the varying attractions prepared for the several seasons.

B B B

This attention to out-of-town customers has been bountifully rewarded, and their favor thus earned has contributed much to the brilliant success of the season just closed.

B B B

A similar policy will be pursued for 1883. The best taste and judgment will be used in selecting goods for those ordering by mail, and a satisfactory assortment will be sent on approval whenever requested by anyone known to the house or furnishing reference.

BAILEY
BANKS
BIDDLE

12th & Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS ATEN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thomas Aten, late of Mifflin township, Col. co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrators, all persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

WILLIAM H. ATEN,
MARY ATEN,
Dec. 1-6w.* Administrators

IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA.

IN RE ESTATE OF WESLEY HAGENBUCH, DECEASED

The Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Sallie Hagenbuch administratrix of Wesley Hagenbuch, deceased, as per her final account filed, to and among the parties entitled thereto will hold a meeting for the purposes of his appointment on Monday the 15th day of January, A. D., 1883, at one o'clock p. m., at his office, corner of Front and Market streets, Berwick, at which time and where all parties are required to make their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

A. K. OSWALD,
Dec. 22-3t. Auditor

Public Sale!

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

The undersigned trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to sell real estate of Louis Foulk, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY JANUARY 13, '83

at one o'clock p. m. the following valuable real estate, to wit: All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Hemlock and Madison townships, in the county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows to-wit: beginning at a corner of land of widow Girard and John Shumaker, thence by land of said Shumaker East sixty-seven perches to a post, here by the same South eighteen perches to a post, thence North seventy-nine degrees East forty-six and seven tenth perches to a post, thence by land of widow Wideman South forty-nine perches to a post, thence by land of William Eller West ninety-six perches and two tenth to a post, thence by the same North seventy-one perches to the place of beginning. Containing thirty-seven acres be the same more or less, on which are erected a frame house frame bank barn, spring house and all necessary buildings, a good spring of water near the house

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of on-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

C. W. Miller, Atty. PERCIVAL FOULK,
Dec. 12-ts. Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, in Mifflinville in said county on

Thursday, January 18, '83.

at two o'clock in the afternoon the following described real estate late of William Kelchner, deceased, to wit: A farm containing lands of Low Bros. & Co. on the North and East, on the South by lands of Samuel Drake George Fedder and others, on the West by lands of George Fedder, containing

43 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two story log house, frame ban and other buildings; also a good well of water at the door.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deeds.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!!

By virtue of an order of Court issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, John A. Funston trustee for the sale of the real estate of Elizabeth Wenner, deceased, late of said county, will expose to public sale on the premises on

WEDNESDAY, January 24th, 1883.

at one o'clock in the afternoon.

The following described property, to wit: all that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the township of Centre co. aforesaid, bounded on the north by public road, on the East by a public road, on the South by land of Wilson, on the West by land of H. Schweppenheiser, containing

Two Acres

more or less, with the appurtenances.

Fifteen per cent of one fourth of the purchase money to be paid at striking down of the property; the one fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute of the sale, and the balance in one year from confirmation nisi, with interest from that date. Deed to be paid for by purchaser.

JOHN A. FUNSTON,
dec 29 Trustee.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. March 1s 1-y

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

ESTATE OF RUTH ANN THOMAS DECEASED.
COLUM. COUNTY, ss.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY, GREETING:

WHEREAS an Orphans' Court held at Bloomsburg, in and for the county of Columbia, the 4th day of December A. D. 1882 before the Honorable William Elwell President and his associates, justices of the said court, the petition of Emanuel Helwig

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 10 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 06 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 39 a. m.	8 35 a. m.
10 56 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 31 p. m.	7 37 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:35 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:25 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:20 p. m.

The 11:14 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:20 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:45 reaching Philadelphia at 7:35 p. m.

The 4:37 p m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

Personal.

Miss Ella B. McKinney is at Troy, Pa., visiting a friend.

A. C. Freas Esq. of Berwick was in town on New Year's day.

Moses Wright, of Kansas, is visiting relatives in this county.

Mr Wm. Rupert is still lying very seriously ill at his residence.

Miss Martha Clark is visiting her brother William in Philadelphia.

Col. and Mrs. J. G. Freeze spent a few days in Lancaster, last week.

C. B. Jackson Esq., of Berwick, has recovered from his recent illness.

Paul E. Wirt Esq. went to New York on Wednesday on business.

C. W. Miller Esq. has been confined to the house this week by illness.

Grant Herring of Lafayette College visited his parents during the vacation.

Isaiah Rupert of Hazleton was among the Holiday visitors to Bloomsburg.

Mrs. Dr. D. W. Conner of Wilkes Barre, is visiting her parents on Market street.

Mr. Ed. Seidel of Danville spent last Monday in town making New Year's calls.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Unangst, who passed the holidays here, returned to New York on Tuesday.

Miss Ada Brower went to New York on Wednesday to visit her friend, Miss Lottie Powell.

G. E. Myers of the *Item* called in to see us on Wednesday. Gideon is always welcome.

Dr. and Mrs. Biddle, of Shenandoah, spent New Year's in Bloomsburg with Mrs. B's mother.

G. W. Sterner and Robert Buckingham, Esq., attended the County Institute at Catawissa yesterday.

S. C. Jayne and B. F. Crispin jr., of Berwick were in town on Monday, having business in the Recorder's office.

Messrs. Vandersiice and Bryson went to Harrisburg last week, to be on hand in time for the opening of the legislature.

Harry Sharpless returned to his school at Reedville, Mifflin county on Tuesday, after passing the holidays with his parents.

Ralph E. Geddis is teaching school at Hazleton. He will return there next Monday when the Christmas vacation ends.

W. B. Peterman, one of our old subscribers from Sugarloaf was in town on Wednesday, and made this office a friendly call.

E. E. Godfrey, who has been in the west for some months, returned last week to make his Bloomsburg friends a short visit.

B. T. Laycock, proprietor of the Rupert Hotel, has been suffering again from an attack of his old complaint. He is confined to his bed.

Rev. M. I. O'Reilly has taken charge of St. Columbkill's Roman Catholic Church. He has rooms for the present at the Exchange Hotel.

Miss Emma Jones, daughter of John C. Jones, returned from New Jersey where she is teaching school, and spent the vacation with her parents.

Mr. Henry M. Rupert arrived in town on Wenesday morning. He expects to spend the winter in Pennsylvania and return to his home in the West in the spring.

Dr. A. L. Turner and Miss May Burt, recently of Bloomsburg, but now residing at Bridgeport, Connecticut, were married at the latter place on Christmas.

Rolandus Herbine, of Locust township was chosen on Tuesday morning, by the democratic members of the lower branch of the legislature for messenger of the House. He is a prominent democrat and this recognition was merited.

List of Traverse Jurors will appear next week.

How many times have you written it 1882 this week?

Ticket No. 437, drew the fruit cake at Caldwell's Confectionery.

There will be an adjourned session of court on the 13th.

Capt. J. B. Robison and wife buried their youngest child on the 28th ult.

There will be a free lunch at the G. A. R. rooms after installation on Friday night.

The Masquerade Ball of the Friendship Fire company was largely attended on Monday night.

A handsome new stove and easy chair have been placed in the Law library by the commissioners.

E. A. Rawling's new building is complete ed. It presents a handsome front, and will be occupied for the first on Monday next.

As this is the first time we have called upon our readers in 1883, we wish them all a happy and prosperous New Year.

The county auditors are engaged this week in the labor of examining the accounts of the commissioners for the past year.

There was a slight snow fall on Monday, but not enough for practical purposes. Fine sleighing is reported in New York State.

Berwick has been divided into two election districts. The decree of the court is published in this paper, under new advertisements.

The county Institute is in session at Catawissa this week. Report of proceedings will appear next week, if furnished by the secretary.

Fine gold spectacles, gold eye glasses, a large line of silver, nickel, steel and rubber spectacles and eye glasses, at L. Bernhard's Jewelry store.

William Krickbaum has sold his house and lot in East Bloomsburg below the railroad, to Michael Tracy, who will take possession April 1st.

The annual reception of the Winona Fire Company will be held at the Exchange Hotel on the 26th inst. It will be a high toned affair. Music from Allentown.

Judge Elwell took the oath of office as President Judge for the third term, last Monday. It was administered by G. M. Quick, deputy prothonotary.

The members of the A. M. E. Church held a festival in the basement of their church on Monday night, proceeds to be expended for fuel for the church.

The pews in the Episcopal church were resold on Wednesday evening. Any persons desiring seats, who have not secured them, can do so by calling on B. F. Hartman.

The New Year was ushered in on Monday morning by the firing of guns and the shouts of those who enjoy such demonstrations. There was a watch meeting at the A. M. E. Church.

Lost.—At the L & B depot, Bloomsburg, on Monday morning, a gold bracelet. The finder will confer a favor by returning it to Mrs. Ellis Cox, on Sixth street or at this office.

W. Neal & Sons' furnace was put in operation again on Wedesday. Everything seems to move off all right, and it is expected that the recent improvements will prevent any further trouble.

At the "Cake Walk" which was held last Tuesday evening in the basement of the A. M. E. Church, Mr. Warren Bacon and Miss Dennis received the first cake, and Mr. Samuel Stils and wife the second.

"I move," said a delegate in a Virginia convention, "that our chairman take a dose of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, he is so hoarse that I cannot understand him." That gentleman had no doubt tried the wonderful medecine.

American watches in gold and silver cases warranted from 2 to 5 years, also a large line of finger rings, solid gold, from one dollar up, wedding rings made to order and warranted 18 carat, at L. Bernhard's.

Mr. T. W. Connor informs us that our Orangeville correspondent was in error last week in stating that his furniture rooms would open about March 1st. He will be ready for business on January 15th.

The Lecture course which is in charge of the clergymen of the town will prove a success, judging from the number of tickets already sold. Those who desire to attend the full course should secure seats at once.

A young man giving his name as Harry Krickbaum is lodged in jail for stealing a watch and chain and other jewelry from the residence of George Dreisbach where he was stopping. He was caught at Mainville, and the property recovered.

The stockholders of the Bloom Ferry company met at Joseph Hendershott's, on Monday, and settled their accounts for the past year, and declared a dividend of three dollars per share. The old board was re-elected for the ensuing year.

A collision occurred between two buggies last Saturday night on the Espy road. Sheriff Ent was in one of them, and William Shaffer and Freas Fowler in the other. No damage was done beyond the breaking of the shafts of both buggies.

W. H. Rhawn Esq., of Catawissa has associated with him in the practice of law J. B. Robins Esq., recently admitted to the Bar. Mr. Rhawn has a fine practice, and it will no doubt be increased by the partnership. Catawissa now has four attorneys.

There was altogether too much looseness on the streets on Monday night. The promiscuous firing of guns and pistols loaded with powder and ball was freely indulged in, and it is only by mere chance that we are not obliged to record some serious accident.

The "Jumbo" drawing took place at Alexander & Woodhouse's on Monday afternoon at three o'clock. It was fairly conducted, and in a manner by which there could be no fraud practiced. Ticket Number 1109 was the lucky one, and A. W. Mellick of Bloomsburg, the holder.

Mary Sherman, doing service at J. A. Funston's, and her sister Rebecca, started for Buckhorn on a visit last Sunday, and while going up a hill the back seat of the wagon tilted back, throwing both out and breaking Mary's collar bone. A young man named Hartman, and his sister were on the front seat.

We learn from the Catawissa *Item* of the death of Dr. W. J. Wright of that place, which occurred on Thursday evening, December 21st. About two weeks previous he contracted a heavy cold, which developed into peritonitis. The funeral took place from the residence of his mother, near New Columbia. Dr. Wright was a dentist and a young man of excellent character.

Mrs. O. L. Downey of Champaine, Ill., a niece of Mrs. O. A. Jacoby of Bloomsburg, who has been sick for several years and doctored with several able physicians of both schools without obtaining relief is fast recovering under the medical treatment of Dr. J. B. McKelvy.

The town authorities have filed a complaint against D. J. Waller Sr. for turning the course of a stream of water into a public highway. A preliminary injunction has been granted, and the hearing takes place this Friday morning, before Judge Elwell. There are some fine points involved in this litigation. C. G. Barkley and E. R. Ikeler Esqs. represent the corporation.

"Can you help me a little," said a tramp, poking his head into a country shop. "Why don't you help yourself?" said the proprietor, angrily. "Thank you, I will," said the tramp, as he picked up a Dutch cheese and two loaves of bread and disappeared like a lightning streak, followed by half-a-dozen lumps of coal.

At an annual meeting of the Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., of Berwick, the following officers were elected: President—C. R. Woodin; Vice-President—Garrick Mallery; Treasurer—H. F. Glenn; Secretary—C. H. Zehnder; Executive Committee—M. W. Jackson, W. H. Woodin; Board of Directors—M. W. Jackson, W. H. Woodin, C. R. Woodin, F. R. Jackson, Garrick Mallery.

Samuel Neyhard and J. C. Brown are members of a surveying corps that is running a line from near Mauch Chunk to this town. They reached Mainville last week and will no doubt, reach Bloomsburg this week. The line they are taking saves considerable distance, but whose the railroad is to be, or where it is to end we cannot ascertain. If it opens a new line through Bloomsburg it does not make much difference whose it is.

One of the things most needed by this town at present is a bridge across the river, so that the business men may have the benefit of the new railroad. It is now too inconvenient of access to be of any advantage. The outrageous figures charged be the D. L. & W. would have to fall to a reasonable point, and freight charges from Northumberland to Bloomsburg would no longer exceed those from Philadelphia to Northumberland, on the Penna. road.

John Heist, a well-known resident of this town died suddenly of apoplexy, on Friday evening the 29th ult. He returned from his work on Thursday, ate a hearty supper, soon after which he was stricken down, and lingered until the next night. He leaves a wife and six children, the oldest J. D. Heist now residing in Colorado. He has for many years been connected with the Lutheran Church. He was about sixty years of age. The funeral was held on Monday.

L. Bernhard's Jewelry store you will find the best silver ware, such as spoons, forks, knives, &c., engraving name free of charge.

Rev. F. W. Bartlett, has just resigned the rectorship of St. Mary's Church, Northfield, Vt., after a successful pastorate of five years. His farewell sermon is printed in full in the *News*, of that place. Mr. Bartlett is a gentleman of marked talent as a sermonizer, unusual literary ability, rare accomplishments of head and heart, and above all fervent piety, entirely consecrated to the Master's work. In speaking of his departure the *News* says.

Rev. F. W. Bartlett has received a call from the Bishop of Central New York, and expects within a few weeks to take up his residence in Syracuse. A faithful worker here and a man of more than ordinary acquirements and culture, it is to be regretted that he leaves Northfield.—*Towanda Review.*

Mr. Bartlett held a professorship at the Normal School some years ago, and has many acquaintances here who will be glad to hear of his success in his good work.

The first lecture of the course will be delivered on Jan 11th by Dr. Eccleston. The subject will be the "Era of the War of Independence." The lecture is accompanied with numerous illustrations put on canvas by means of the oxy-hydrogen light. Dr. Eccleston is an accomplished writer and thinker, and has received the highest commendation from the press and from eminent men. Bishop Potter of New York has written the following letter to the Doctor, under date of September 16th 1882.

My Dear Dr. Eccleston:—It gives me very great pleasure to learn that you are prepared to give a more extended Course of lectures upon American (U. S.) History. Though I have been denied the privilege of attending your former Lectures, my official duties taking me out of town, yet the reports of friends and of the Press have long since impressed me with a strong conviction of the excellence and ability of your labors, and it is pleasant to learn that a number of our prominent citizens are awaiting you to favor the public and especially our young people with Lectures so interesting and so useful. As a valued friend, and for many yeaars an earnest laborer in the Diocese, I am doubly interested in all your efforts, and remain most truly and affectionately yours.

H. Potter, Bishop of New York.

Murder.—On Christmas night a murder was committed in Mt. Carmel borough. A party of Welsh were at the Reading depot seeing off a friend from Shamokin, who had been visiting them. The party consisted of David Powell and his brother and sister, a man by the name of Evans, and Wm. Mosley. The train was late and did not arrive until almost 11 o'clock. On their way home from the depot Powell charged Mosley with trifling or flirting with his sister. Mosley had been drinking, and retorted by calling Powell names, saying at the same time that his mother might have been respectable. Powell struck Mosley and then kicked him. Mosley pulled a common barlow knife from his pocket and struck his assailant below the region of the heart. Powell died in about an hour's time. Mosley claimed that the act was done in self defence and delivered himself up to Squire Brown. He was brought to Sunbury on Tuesday morning. He is forty years of age and has a wife and several children living in Mt. Carmel. Powell was only 25 years old and has been in this country but seven months.—*Sunbury Democrat.*

Sheriff Mourey.

The new sheriff, John Mourey, was sworn in on Friday last by G. W. Sterner, register and recorder. He has moved to town and taken possession of the jail. His bond has been filed, with David Lowenberg, G. A. Herring and Christian Small as bondsmen.

Ex-Sheriff Ent.

On Monday last the term of office of Sheriff U. H. Ent expired. During the three years of his incumbency the business of his office has been carefully and satisfactorily conducted, and he goes out of his official harness with the good wishes of all with whom he had any dealings. He moved from the jail on Tuesday to the house of Mrs. Dora Buckalew on the corner of Market and Rock streets. Capt. Ent has hosts of friends in this county and elsewhere who wish him abundant success in any business in which he may engage.

Meeting of the Surviving Members of the Constitutional Convention of '73.

The annual meeting of the members of the Constitutional Convention of 1873 took place at the Stevens House, Lancaster, last week, Thursday evening. About fifty members were present. Ex-Governor Curtin presided with his usual dignity and acceptability. The members entered the dining hall at 5:30 p. m., where a table ladened with the choicest viands was spread before them. The time doing justice to the good things was prolonged by the responses to toasts which were presented by different members. That they were a source of pleasure and information to all present no one doubts, recalling as they did the services of prominent men who are no longer living, citing their virtues and applying to themselves the truth that these meetings will gradually thin their ranks until the last one will meet and adjourn *sine die.*

Various questions in reference to the effect of the changes that have been made in the old constitution were discussed and several articles in the new reviewed with a desire to give a fair construction as to the practical working of that instrument. In their opinion time will strengthen its features and make it more fully appreciated by the people of this commonwealth. Like old wine it will improve with age, and as years roll on it will grow in the hearts and minds of the people. At such a gathering the effect of time as a man killer is clearly set forth. Since 1873, one third of the members of that body, among them its leading members, Meredeth, Woodward, Hopkins and Walker, have passed away,

Ex-Governor Curtin and the other officers were re-elected, and the next annual meeting will be held at Altoona on the last Thursday in December, 1883.

Hon. John Stewart, Attorney-General Palmer, Hon. George Lear, Col. John G. Freeze and Hon. George M. Dallas, were of the number present.

The meeting was of a character to make those present feel highly gratified, although its proceedings were calculated to sadden the heart, as it recalled the list of those no longer numbered among the living.—*Sun.*

Centre Notes.

AIKMAN—BARTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Barton, of Lime Ridge, gave a very pleasant wedding party at the marriage of their eldest daughter, Laura, to John H. Aikman, on Thursday afternoon, December 28th, 1882. The marriage ceremony was performed in the parlors of the Barton Homestead in the presence of about seventy-five guests, all relatives and particular friends of the bride and groom. Miss Edith Barton, only sister of the bride, and Miss Clara Aikman, sister of the groom, acted as bridesmaids. The groomsmen were Myron I. Low, of Lime Ridge and H. V. White of Bloomsburg.

Promptly at 2½ o'clock the piano pealed forth a beautiful wedding march and the bridal party appeared at the side entrance to the rear parlor, passed to the front of the first parlor, and formed a semi circle facing the minister, who stood in the centre of the room, and the parents of the bride and groom, who were seated at either side.

Rev. J. Horning officiated, joining this happy couple in the bonds of holy wedlock, adopting the ring ceremony to make the nuptial knot doubly secure.

The bride looked lovely, robed in a beautiful suit of cream colored nun's veiling, cut *entraine*, and the groom appeared remarkably well in a suit of conventional black. The bridesmaids and groomsmen were dressed in suits to match in style and color those of the bride and groom. The only ornaments were neat bouquets of natural flowers worn by each. Miss Barton carried a very beautiful bouquet of cut flowers that she presented to the bride immediately after the ceremony.

After the usual congratulations the bridal party and guests partook of the delicious viands served in great abundance. All passed off pleasantly and all seemed to enjoy the occasion.

Among those present from a distance were Mr. Frank Blue of Camden, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gann of Williamsport; Miss Hutchens of Hazleton; Miss Anna Everett of Watsontown; Mrs. Geo. Elwell, Miss Bessie McKelvy, Miss Lillian Barton, Mrs. E. Mendenhall, Mr. Chas. Mendenhall and Misses Alzie and Tillie Sterner of Bloomsburg; Mrs. Wm. Barton, Miss Annie Barton, Miss Laura Case and Mrs. Richardson of Espy; Mrs. Theodore McDowell and Mr. Will McDowell of Light Street.

Many and elegant were the presents received by the bride. Mr. Geo. Markle of Hazleton sent a very beautiful set of Waverly's, and Mr. Geo. A. Clark of Bloomsburg sent a very handsome jewel and handkerchief case.

In the evening music and meriment filled every room, making the occasion one to be long remembered by all present, and not until midnight did the last guests pay their regards to Mr. and Mrs. Barton for their generous and kindly entertainment, and express their last good wishes to the newly married couple,

Mr. and Mrs. Aikman took the early train on Friday to visit Washington, D. C., and other places of interest. May long life, prosperity and happiness be their lot.

Friday evening, December 29th, 1882, quite a number of the farmers and their families dropped in at Mr. John White's to remind him that he was forty-nine years old, the next day. Though taken entirely by surprise, Mr. White appeared very well pleased with this demonstration of friendship on the part of his neighbors and if we may judge from his youthful appearance and jolly manner alone, it would be fair to presume that forty-nine years hence a surprise party would find the same lively John ready to join in their most rollicking games.

Under the skillful management of Mr. J. A. Creasy, a very pleasant social party was had at Mr. Philip Creasy's last Saturday evening. While our young people are not so many as a few years ago, yet Joe has demonstrated the fact that we can still have a pleasant time occasionally. Try it again Joe, and we'll all try to help.

Reporter.

Mifflin Items.

The schools were closed on Friday last, the teacher being in attendance at County Institute this week.

Horace Creasy who has been having a serious time with a sore eye is again on the mend.

Mrs. Samuel Drum died on Monday (Christmas) after a very painful illness of eight weeks. She will be missed very much in the community. Her remains were interred on the 27th ult., at Mainville, Rev. Dechant of Catawissa officiating.

The change of the work on the gravel train on the N. & W. B. R. R. has thrown many of our townsmen out of employment.

A singing sociable took place at E. Staudt's on Monday evening.

A party of four gentlemen, J. N. Peifer, C. A. Harman, S. H. Wolf and J. Fetherolf took the noon train on New Year Day for Virginia. They expect to visit Richmond and vicinity.

Skating is the leading sport in our place at present.

Miss Estie Wolf left this place for Conyngham, Luzerne county, where she expects to live with Rev. Derr. Estie is one of those whose departure will be much felt by her numerous friends, both young and old.

The holidays passed off very quietly with a wheelbarrow match, &c.

Mr. Emanuel Stoudt started on a visit to his former home, and many friends in Reading and other parts of Berks and Schuylkill county.

Pinafore.

Council Proceedings.

Bloomsburg January, 3rd 1883.

Council met at 7 o'clock P. M. G. A. Herring, and Messrs. Rabb, Sterling and Hartman were present. The minutes of the last two meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Sterling moved and Mr. Rabb seconded, that a committee be appointed to rent the Town Park for the next year to the highest and best bidder. which was agreed to by Council. Whereupon the President appointed Messrs. Rabb and Sterling as such committee.

On motion of Mr. Hartman and seconded by Mr Rabb the Secretary was instructed to notify E. C. Wells that the Coal House on the South side of the Normal Building must be removed from the street between this and the first of next February.

An official communication from the Bloomsburg Water Company, dated December 13th 1882, was read informing the Council of the acceptance of the proposition as contained in a resolution passed by the Council at a meeting held December 6th 1882.

On motion the following bills were read and approved and the Secretary instructed to draw orders for their several amounts:

Bill of street commissioner was for December 1882	$98,28
Jacob Deiffenbach for hauling on highway	3,60
Roadormel and Welliver, Blacksmith work	2,70
Bloomsburg Gas Company, 40 posts, for Dec. 1882	80,00
Bloomsburg Water Company, 40 fire hy drants, from Dec. 13th Jan. 1st 1882.	33,33
M. C. Woodward et al. constable police service for Dec. 1882	11,33
B. B. Freas police service for. Dec. 1882	6,00
G. E. Elwell rent of Council room from Oct. 1st '82 to Jan. 1st '83	15,00
Holmes & Schuyler for ax and hoe handles, &c.	8,52
Samuel Neyhard for making grade, &c.	36,31
Secretary's salary for December '82	15.00
Total amount,	$310,07

On motion adjourned.

A. L. Fritz,
Secretary.

Some miscreant shot through the large plate glass window in the grocery department of I. W. McKelvy's store early New Year's morning. The ball was found inside, and was completely flattened out.

MARRIAGES.

Brochtus—Betz—On December 28, 1882, At the home of the bride's parents by Rev. O. H. Strunck, Mr. Alandus Brochyus of Rupert, to Miss Lenora Betz, of Bloomsburg.

Umstead—Kreppneck—At White Hall, December 28th, by the Rev. H. C. Munro, Mr. Russel Umstead of Washingtonville, Pa., and Miss Annie Kreppneck of Madison.

Kingsbury—Sharpless.—At Orangeville Pa., December 31, 1882, Daria W. Kingsbury, M. D., of Nanticoke, Pa., to Emma S. Sharpless of Orangeville.

Brown—Ferguson. — At the Methodist Parsonage, December 28th, by Rev. John Donohue, Mr. Edward J. Brown of Prince George's Co. Md., to Miss Maggie E. Ferguson of Bloomsburg, Pa.

Lemon—McHenry.—At the Bride's residence, Dec., 14th 1882, by C. W. Cooper, Mr. H. A. Lemon to Miss Mary P. McHenry, all of Jackson township, Col. co. Pa.

Beishline—Drescher.—At the bride's home, December 23d 1882, by the same, Mr. Evan B. Beishline to Miss Frances I. Drescher, all of Stillwater, Col. co. Pa.

Robbins—Manning.—At the home of the bride, Dec. 28th 1882, by the same, Mr. John C. Robbins to Miss Emma J. Manning both of Jackson Township Col. co. Pa.

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

List of causes for trial at February term A. D. 1883.

Curtis S. Books vs. Borough of Danville.
Daniel Rhodes vs. William Tyson.
Columbia County vs. Milton Charles.
Peter Helwig's Executor's. vs. Isaac Lewis et al.
Joseph A. Henrie et ux. vs. John W. Hoffman et al.
Francis Evans Trustee et al, vs. John W. Hoffman.
Bloomsburg Banking Co., vs. Samuel McHenry.
Freas Bro's vs Joseph Lamon.
G. H. Helfrich Receiver vs. Joseph M. Freck.
James Lamon's Administratrix vs. Joseph Lamon.
David Young vs. George P. Young et al.
John R. Yohe vs. John Hinderliter.
Ellis S. Stoker vs. Henry Cope.
W. F. Hibby vs. Isaac H. Seasholtz et al
Isaiah Bower vs. Daniel Brader.
Catharine Schmick's use vs. W. F. Hibby.
Seltzer and Miller vs. Daniel Morris.
H. M. Wier vs. Richard Angel et al.
William F. Keller vs. M. & W. B. Railway Co.
J. M. Smith assignee vs. Calvin Clark et ux.
Lewis Yoder's Executor's vs. William Yeager.
George A. Bevan et al. vs. Louis A. Riley & Co.
John Sheatler vs. Philip Springer.
George W. Sterner et ux vs. William Neal.
Charles Reichart vs. Aaron Grover
D. A. Hess vs N. & W. B. Railway Co.
Philip Litchard vs. John Sheatler.
Hiram Reese vs. Charles Krug et al.
Daniel W. Walter vs. James P. Lewis.
George Ruckle vs. David Geisinger.
G. B. Gelick vs. John W. Hoffman.
John C. Karns vs. Town of Bloomsburg.
Charles S. Reichart vs. Charles Klingaman.
Aaron Bogart vs. Peter Bogart.

List of Grand Jurors for February term, 1883.

Bloom. Elias Mendenhall, John McCormick, R. C. Neal, Charles Taylor.
Beaver. Daniel Hinterliter.
Berwick. S. W. Marshall
Catawissa. L. O. Whitman.
Fishingcreek. Thomas J. Coleman, Alfred Eveland, Daniel Force, sr., Harman J. Hess, Henry Sitler.
Franklin. Reuben Reigle.
Hemlock. Evan Moore, Aaron Tarvy.
Greenwood. C. W. Eves, W. Albertson.
Locust. Elias George.
Montour. W. J. Biddleman, Charles Eck.
Orange. M. F. Bowman, W. H. Snyder, Abraham White.
Scott. John H. Creveling.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Annie Welliver, late of Madison township, Columbia county Penna., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to William Kreamer, administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

William Kreamer,
dec 22 Administrator.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of February 1883, and confirmed after the fourth day of said term, unless exceptions be filed within that time:

1. The account of Conrad Kreamer, Committee of Margaret Fortner, a lunatic.

W. Krickbaum,
Bloomsburg January 5, '83. Prothy.

Rule on Heirs.

Estate of Elizabeth Kelchner, deceased. Columbia County, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To the following children, grandchildren &c., of Elizabeth Kelchner deceased:

Isaac Kelchner a son residing at Centreville, Columbia county, Pa. Sarah, a daughter intermarried with George Arz, residing at Nanticoke, Luzerne county, Pa. Samuel Kelchner, a son residing at Nanticoke, Luzerne county, Pa. Jacob Kelchner, a son, residing at Millinville, Columbia county, Pa. John Kelchner, a son, residing in Montgomery county, Maryland. Margaret, a daughter, intermarried with Robert Patterson, residing at Lightstreet, Columbia county, Pa. The following grandchildren the children of her deceased son Eleazer Kelchner to-wit: Clarence Kelchner, William Kelchner, John Kelchner and Anna Kelchner, all residing at Millinville, Columbia county, Pa., also the following grandchildren the children of her deceased son William Kelchner to-wit: Emma Kelchner residing at Berwick, Columbia county, Pa. Minnie Hosler, intermarried with Boyd Hosler residing at Berwick, Columbia county, Pa. Charles Kelchner, residing at Millinville, Columbia county, Pa., and two other daughters of the said William Kelchner, deceased, whose names are unknown to your petitioner residing at Millinville, county of Columbia, Pa. Also the following grandchildren the children of her deceased daughter, Mary, who was intermarried with Gideon George who is now deceased to-wit: Jacob George residing at White Haven, Luzerne county, Pa. Gideon, residing soure where in New Jersey, the place unknown to your petitioner, and a great-grandchild whose name and place of residence is unknown to your petitioner, whose mother was Ellen George deceased, who was a daughter of the said Mary George deceased, lineal descendants of Elizabeth Kelchner, deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the First Monday of February next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Elizabeth Kelchner deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold. And hereof fail not.

U. H. Ent,
Jan 5 Sheriff.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. William Elwell President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 9th day of Dec in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 5th day of February next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 5th day of Feb. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg (L. S.) the 3rd day of Jan. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two and in the one hundred and seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, John Mourey,
Bloomsburg, Jan 5—tc Sheriff.

LOCAL NOTICES.

100 pairs of Towels at I. W. Hartman & Son's, 25 cents to $2.75.

Cleaning up sale this month at I. W. Hartman & Son. Bargains in Remnants &c. Call and take a look.

Clean and fresh stock of groceries always to be found at I. W. Hartman & Son's grocery department.

A good assortment of the Badger State Shawls yet on hand at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

9999½ Pounds Good Pork.
9999½ Good Live Calves.
99½ Good Live Shoats, in weight: 30, 35, 40, 50 to 60 pounds.
9½ Good Young Beeves.
99½ Bushels Good Cloverseed.
999½ Bushels Good Potatoes.
9999½ Pounds Dried Apples.
99999½ Pounds Dried Raspberries, pitted cherries and lard.

All of the above wanted at Light Street by Silas Young.
Dec. 22-3m

A few of those good Handkerchiefs 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c and up, yet at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BETTER THAN FOREIGN PORT.

Speer's Port Grape Wine is better than Imported Port, and, since the adulteration of the latter, it must take its place. It is pure, and really excellent and health-giving.—*Troy Times.*

Members of the Board of Health, of New York and other prominent physicians, use this wine for their patients and in their own families, much on account of the iron contained in it from the soil on which Speer's vineyards are situated. For sale by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Invalid mothers, weak children, nervous and fretful infants are benefitted by using Brown's Iron Bittters. Harmless but efficacious.

Good health, rosy checks and beautiful skin, ladies can get by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.

Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts., we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow

FELL DOWN.

Mr. Albert Anderson, York Street, Buffalo, fell down stairs and severely bruised his knee. A few applications of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil entirely cured him.

"All the Ills that Flesh is Heir to,"
Arising from impurity of the blood, torpid liver, irregular bowe's, disordered kidneys, etc., can be safely cured by Burdock Blood Bitters. Price $1,00.

"The Commodore."

Jos. L. Foote, the Commodore, Elgin, Ill., says Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured him of sciatica with one application, thoroughly applied. It also cured him of a severe cold and cough. He thinks it a very valuable remedy, and will never be without it.

An Old Man's Belief.

Have used Parker's Ginger Tonic for my bad cough and hemorrhage I had twenty-five years. I felt like another man since I used it. Am 66 years past. Believe it sure to cure younger persons. A. Orner, Highspire, Pa.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest, or Back, Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5 eow

TIME TRIES ALL.

So it does, and in cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, kidney and liver complaints, biliousness, etc., Burdock Blood Bitters have been proved by many a trial to be a reliable cure. Price $1.00.

Hope for Drunkards.

My husband had drunken habits he could not overcome until Parker's Ginger Tonic took away his thirst for stimulants, restored his energy of mind and gave him strength to attend to business.—Cincinnatti Lady.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow.

Millions of packages of the Diamond Dyes have been sold without a single complaint. Everywhere they are the favorite dyes.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence sexual Debility.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by Druggists. sept 22-1y

**"Wise men say nothing in dangerous times." Wise men use nothing in dangerous diseases but the best and most approved remedies. Thus Kidney-Wort is employed universally in cases of diseased liver, kidney and bowels. It will cost you but a trifle to try it, and the result will be most delightful.

*Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound strengthens the stomach and kidneys and aids digestion.

*That wonderful catholicon known as Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has given the lady a world-wide reputation for doing good. It is like a living spring to the vital constitution. Her Blood Purifier will do more to cleanse the channels of the circulation and purify the life of the body than all the anitary devices of the Board of Health.s

HENDERSHOTT'S PHARMACY

Our stock of Holiday Goods are now being opened and consist of all the latest and choicest designs to be found, and we cordially invite you to call and examine our Celluloid Toilet cases, Florence Toilet cases, Diatite Toilet cases, fine color cases, gentlemen's traveling cases, fine perfume cases, fine mirrors, hand glasses, cloth, hair, tooth and nail brushes, silver fruit knives, children's knives, forks and spoons, nut picks, shell and pearl pocket knives, cigar cases of the very finest quality, portmonies, coin bags in great variety and at all prices, fine spectacles, eye, reading and colored glasses from 25 cents up. Fine perfumes from all the celebrated makers: "Lily of the Valley," white lilac, azalia, tube rose, Mary Stewart, gloriosa, wild olive and many others. Toilet soap, cut, decorated and plain toilet bottles very cheap.

—o—

We have the cheapest nickle library lamps ever offered, also very fine brass and nickle plated library, hand, stand, student and bracket lamps very cheap—don't fail to see ours before purchasing. New goods constantly arriving.

Regarding the Nose.

The annals of surgery contain many cases where the nose has been cut or torn off, and being replaced has grown fast again, recovering its jeopardize functions. One of the earliest, 1680, is related by the surgeon (Fioraventi) who happened to be near by when a man's nose, having been cut off, had fallen in the sand. He, remarks that he took it up, washed it, replaced it, and that it grew together.

Still, this is a little bit hazardous and in warm weather the nose might refuse to catch on. It would be mortifying in the extreme to have the nose drop off in a dish of ice cream at a banquet. Not only would it be disagreeable to the owner of the nose but to those who sat near him.

He adds the address of the owner of the repaired nose, and requests any doubter to go and examine for himself. Regnault, in the *Gazette Salutaire*, 1714, tells of a patient whose nose was bitten off by a smuggler. The owner of the nose wrapped it in a bit of cloth and sought Regnault, who "although the part was cold, reset it, and it became attached."

This is another instance where, by being sufficiently previous, the nose was secured and handed down to future generations. Yet, as we said before, it is a little bit risky and a nose of that character cannot be relied upon at all times. After a nose has once seceded it cannot be expected to still adhere to the old constitution with such loyalty as prior to that change.

Although these cases call for more credulity than most of us have to spare, yet later cases, published in trustworthy journals, would seem to corroborate this. In the *Clinical Annals* and *Medical Gazette* of Weidelberg, 1830, there are sixteen similar cases cited by the surgeon (Dr. Wofacker) who was appointed by the Senate to attend the duels of the students.

It seems that during these duels it is not uncommon for a student to slice off the nose of his adversary and lay it on the table until the duel is over. After that the surgeon puts it on with mucilage and it never misses a meal, but keeps right on growing.

The wax nose is attractive, but in a warm room it is apt to get excited and wander down into the moustache, or it may stray away under the collar and when the proprietor goes to wipe this feature he does not wipe anything but space. A gold nose that opens on one side and is engraved, with hunter case and key wind, is attractive, especially on a bright day. The coin silver nose is very well in its way, but rather commonplace unless designed to match the tea service and the knives and forks. In that case good taste is repaid by admiration and pleasure on the part of the guest.

The papier mache nose is durable and less liable to become cold and disagreeable. It is also lighter and not liable to season crack.

False noses are made of papier mache, leather, gold, silver and wax. These last are fitted on spectacles or springs, and are very difficult to distinguish from a true nose.

Tycho Brahe lost his nose in a duel and wore a gold one, which he attached to his face with cement which he always carried about.

This was a good scheme, as it found him always prepared for accidents. He could, at any moment, repair to a dressing room or even slide into an alley where he could avoid the prying gaze of the vulgar world, and glue his nose on. Of course he ran the risk of getting it on crooked and a little out of line with his other features, but this would naturally only attract attention and fix the minds of those with whom he might be called upon to converse. A man with his nose glued on wrong side up could hold the attention of an audience for hours, when any other man would seem tedious and uninteresting. — *Nye's Boomerang.*

Rotation in Crops.

We wish we could call attention of every intelligent farmer to one important fact, that in case of certain overflowed lands, or nicely situated valleys, all soils whether black, yellow or brown, are exhaustive, and the sooner we make up our minds to that fact the better for all concerned. Continuous cropping of the same land with the same kind of grain or cereal without manure or fertilizers of some kind will sooner or later destroy, or at least injure the future usefulness of that soil, and while we may congratulate ourselves on the ease and quickness with which we acquire wealth, at the same time we are leaving but a very ghostly inheritance for our children and those who come after. Land may do well enough for a few years with a continuation of crops or a destruction of all the straw, cornstalks and other fertilizing materials that remain above the dollars and cents, and allow us to cart our manure in into ditches and hollows. But the experience of the best farmers of either East or West is that it will do better with it, even while the land is new. Although it may not be advisable to scatter manure or fertilizers all over a new or partially new piece of land, yet to our mind there is always a piece of pasture or other portions of a farm where such things can be used to advantage. If you deem it otherwise then store it up in some out-of-the-way place for future use. If other words never waste or destroy the manure or other fertilizing materials on the farm.—*Nebraska Farmer.*

HENS IN CONFINEMENT.—It is the general belief that hens do best of all when permitted to run as they will, but this is by no means the case as has often been proved. A lady writer on poultry management says:

"I have had an average of sixty Plymouth Rock fowls that have laid in six months time 9,663 eggs an average of ninety four per hen, and nineteen of them were set during the time. They have never been out of their pens since I put them in last November, and they never will until they go to the block to have their heads off. They are divided into flocks of twenty, each flock having 100 square feet of house and 300 square feet of yard room. I have had flocks of twenty and forty that had free range, but could never get so high an average as when kept yarded in flocks of twenty. The cost of keeping was less, and the number of eggs much less, when they had their liberty. I cannot give the cost of keeping, as 185 young chickens are fed from the same grain bins.

My flock has consisted of just fifty hens in July, and they have laid 910 eggs during the month, which I think is good evidence that confinement agrees with them. They are provided with all the green food they can eat, and are given a few ground beef scraps daily, but never any milk. The chickens hatched by the nineteen hens were equally divided among thirteen hens, nine of which began laying when the chickens were three weeks old, and weaned them a few days later, evidently thinking it was better business to help fill the egg basket than brooding young chickens.

Does it Pay to Grind the Corn with the Cob.

We are frequently asked this question, and upon the strength of several years experience we can only answer that under some circumstances it does, while under others it might prove unprofitable. The *Live Stock Journal* states the case so fairly and clearly, and so in accordance with our own views, that we make room for an extract upon the subject: "It all depends upon the facilities for grinding and the kind of stock to be fed. Sheep grind corn better than cattle, and therefore they utilize the nutriment in whole corn better. The cob contains more actual nutriment than is generally supposed. It shows on analysis 42.6 per cent. of carbo hydrates. 1.4 per cent. of albuminoids, and the same of fat. It is quite safe to say that cobs have one-half the value of hay when fed with food rich in nitrogen, which it so greatly lacks; and when the cob is ground fine in burr mill stones there is nothing injurious to animals in it. There is much said about the danger of feeding cob meal, but there is no foundation for this prejudice. When the cob is ground fine with the corn it must certainly be in a much better condition for feeding than corn on the ear, when cattle swallow a large part of the cob without masticating it any more than is necessary for swallowing it. Yet the cob does not pass in anything like the proportion the grain does; and while millions of cattle are fattened every year in the West on ear corn, sensible people will not be alarmed at the danger of feeding well ground cobs.

Where mills are prepared for grinding cobs it will pay to grind in the ear, as, in addition to the nutriment in the cob, it saves shelling, and the cob mixed with the meal separates the particles of meal, so that it goes in the stomach in a more porous condition, the gastric juice thus penetrates it more perfectly, and the meal is digested better than when eaten alone. The writer fed five work horses upon cob meal, mixed with cut hay, for several years, and their health remained excellent.

We do not wish to convey the idea that corn-cobs of themselves would be worth grinding, but corn in the ear can be ground whole as cheaply as corn can be shelled and ground; and, if the farmer is short of fodder, there can be no doubt that it is wisdom to grind cob and all.—*Agricultural Epitomist.*

Tuberoses.

The Tuberose is so called on account of its peculiar bulb, the name meaning like a tuber. Tuberose is the common name, the botanical name being Polianthes. There are two species of Polianthes known, one being P. gracilis, a native of Brazil, of no particular merit as a cultivated plant, and the other P. tuberosa, so well known. The latter is a native of the East Indies. For a long time after it was brought into cultivation only the original single form was known, but subsequently a double flowered plant was produced, and has since been perpetuated as a variety. A few years since a dwarf or lower growing variety than the ordinary double flowered was originated. This variety is known as the "Pearl." As it has much larger flowers, with more numerous petals, than the old double sort, it is now very extensively raised, and is preferred to it, although the other is still much cultivated. There is a variety, also, with variegated foliage, but this peculiarity has not been of sufficient merit to bring it out very prominently or excite much admiration; it has single flowers. In contrast with the plain-leaved plants it is pleasing, especially when raised as a pot or vase plant.

A variety with single flowers, known as the "Orange-flowered," is now in the trade; the flowers are pure white, and its name refers to its fragrance, for which it is said to excel the Pearl and the common double and to rival the Orange blossom. For our own part, we should not think that Orange blossoms are more fragrant than those of Tuberose Pearl, and it does not seem that a heavier perfume can be desirable. Undoubtedly there may be other strains propagated on account of some slight peculiarities and having local reputations, but those named above are the principal ones. In the future we may expect others to appear from time to time, and, in fact, even now there is one of late origin that is claimed to be earlier than the Pearl or the common double. We cannot, at the present time, advise our readers that it has any claims over the Pearl, and we doubt if anything superior to it will very soon be found.—*Vick's Magazine.*

The very best iron preparation, and the one having the largest sale, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

An experienced operator predicts that a belt of oil will be discovered far below the present oil producing strata.

AN ENTIRE SUCCESS.

It has been proved by the most reliable testimony that Thomas' Eclectric Oil is an entire success in curing the most inveterate cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, and wounds of every description.

HOW TO BREAK KICKING COWS.

Place the cow in a stanchion, or in the absence of stanchions, tie the cow to a manger pretty short. Then take a strap seven or eight feet long, with a ring in one end; pass it under her body forward of the bag, with the ring end on her right side; pass the other end of the strap over the back and through the ring; slide it along the back to the rump over the tail. Keep it forward of the bag, draw tight, and stand on her left side; let the milker commence. If she kicks, jerk her down on her left side, and hold her down a few minutes. Then let her up and try again. She can raise her foot three or four inches, but if she lifts her foot high enough to kick she can be laid down with ease. I never had a chance to lay a cow down the third time, and I have purchased and broken some very bad kicking cows. They always give it up. I break one or more heifers every year, and generally use the strap on them once or twice. Sometimes cows will have sore teats in fly time, and will stamp and refuse to be milked. Then the strap may be used with success. I keep a common halter strap in a certain place in the cow stable, and whenever a cow manifests a disposition to kick, the milker calls in an assistant, and the strap is put on and drawn tight, and the trouble is ended. The cows soon learn what the strap is for, and will stand still if it is tied on. I never knew a cow to be injured in the least by laying her down. Scolding and whipping should be wholly dispensed with.—*Country Gentleman.*

We detest vanity in others, because we have got so much of it ourselves.

A KING AMONG THE PEASANTS.

M. Florian Pharnon tells an amusing anecdote about King Humbert of Italy, who is as fond of shooting as was his royal father, Victor Emmanuel. From time to time King Humbert, oblivious of al royal customs and court etiquette, separates himself from his suite, and gun in hand, goes out alone in search of game, accompanied by his two favorite dogs. During one of his excursions he was met by a peasant, who looked on with admiration at the havoc the King had made among a covey of partridges. He did not know the monarch, and seeing him in the dress of an ordinary sportsman, could not recognize him. He went up to him, complimented him on his skill with his gun, and then told him that if he would come to his farm on the following morning at daybreak and kill a fox which had made several raids on his hen roost, he would not mind giving him a couple of francs for his trouble. King Humbert kept the appointment, and was fortunate enough to kill the fox. The delighted peasant welcomed him on his return, called his wife and children out, and insisted on the king sharing their breakfast with them. At the end of the repast the peasant took leave of his visitor, pressing a two-franc piece in his hand, which the king tossed up in the air and caught, declaring it was the first money he had ever earned. Two days afterward the peasant was surprised to see an officer in uniform ride up in an open carriage with presents from the King for his wife and children. He then learned to whom he owed the obligation, and was confused at the familiar manner in which he had hobnobbed with royalty.

THE LION AND THE LADY.

Mrs. Lincoln, who raised and petted a pair of lion cubs, on Howard street, a few years ago, recently paid a visit to one of them, the lion Emperor. The huge beast recognized her and manifested his delight by the most extravagant demonstrations. He licked her hand, sprang up and, placing his paws on the grating, tried to force his head between the bars. Mrs. Lincoln laid her face against his vast jaws, and put her arms through the bars around his neck, and the monstrous animal purred like a great cat. He put out his paw to "shake hands," at his mistress's command, and then, as if overcome with joy, lay down and rolled over and over, uttering meanwhile queer little grunts and growls, and behaving altogether like a frisky kitten.—*Boston Post.*

N. B. The Bad and Worthless Are never *imitated* or *counterfeited*.

This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy *imitated* is of the highest value.

As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B.

Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously cunningly devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits.

Beware of them. Touch none of them, but: Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits. (9)

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston Globe.]

Messrs. Editors—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs but $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (9) Mrs. A. M. D.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by Keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

NEUTRALIZED.

Is what way a Prevalent Evil may be Shorn of its Power to Harm.

Malaria is a broad name for many diseases—all originating in blood poisoning. Bilious fever, the typhus and typhoid fevers and chills and fever are prominent members of the family. Malaria defies alike the builders, the plumbers and the physicians. Despairing of ordinary treatment, the latter almost unanimously recommend BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER as the greatest anti-malarial specific of the age. These plasters act upon the liver, spleen, bowels and kidneys.

Worn over the region of the liver, and upon the back over the kidneys, they ward off malaria like an armor. No other plasters do this.

When you purchase, satisfy yourself that the word CAPCINE is cut in the center of the plaster. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. Highest awards at International Expositions.

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Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, $1.00.

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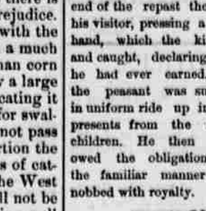
Feb. 17 1y. '81

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

Ely's Cream Balm Effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. (Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure catarrh, hay fever, &c. Unequaled for colds in the head. Agreeable to use. Apply by the little finger into the nostrils. On receipt of fifty cents will mail a package for sale by all druggists.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy.

DR. J. B. SIMPSON'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for overwork of body or brain or excess of any kind, such as weakness and all diseases resulting from Nervous Debility, Irritability, Mental Anxiety, Languor, Lassitude, Depression of Spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally, Pains in the Back or Side, Loss of Memory, Premature old age and diseases that lead to consumption, insanity & an early grave or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost functions and procure health and happiness where before was despondency and gloom. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money. Address all orders, J. B. SIMPSON'S MEDICINE CO. Nos. 104 and 106 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

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THIS CELEBRATED NATIVE WINE is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

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are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and united to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

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P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivalled in this Country being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS PURE distillation from the grape, and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes, from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J. is over the cork of each bottle.

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AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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A true record of the Author's *Thirty-Three Years Personal Experience among our Indians.* With an able Introduction

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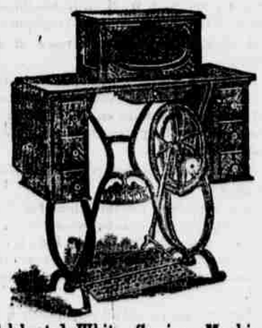

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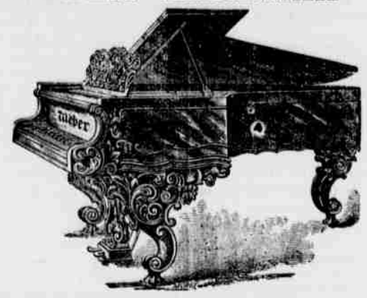

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DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Dec. 29-4 w

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division and Northern Central Railway.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

In effect June 5th, 1882, trains leave Northumberland.

EASTWARD,

8.55 a. m.—Sea Shore Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.20 p. m.; New York, 6.15 p. m. Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington 6.40 p. m., making close connections at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points.

1.46 p. m.—Day express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.30 p. m.; New York 10.35 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.40 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations. Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 5.55 a. m.; New York 8.15 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1.55 a. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m.; New York, 11.15 a. m. Baltimore 7.45 a. m.; Washington, 9.11 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.35 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches through to Rochester.

1.45 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through parlor car to Watkins and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.35 p. m., Fast line for Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR NORTHUMBERLAND FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves New York, 5.30 a. m.; Philadelphia, 8.40 a. m.; Washington, 8.07 a. m.; Baltimore 9.20 a. m., arriving at Northumberland 1.45 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 7.55 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.05 a. m.; Washington, 9.37 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.50 a. m., arriving at Northumberland 5.35 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 7.35 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.30 p. m.; Washington, 9.07 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., arriving at Northumberland 6 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after February 19th, 1881, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Northern Express 6.30 a.m., arrive Elmira	12.30 pm
Arrive at Canandaigua	2.25 p. m.
" R